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NOVEMBER 9, 1922.
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Mid-Week Pictorial

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY
PUBLISHED BY
The New York Times
COMPANY

FLEEING FROM TURKS IN GREATEST EXODUS IN RECENT HISTORY



THRONG OF FUGITIVES ON THRACIAN COAST MIGRATING BEFORE THE TURKISH ADVANCE

The Greek inhabitants of Eastern Thrace, which has been handed over to the Turks, are fleeing by the hundreds of thousands from their homes, fearing massacre at the hands of the conquerors. All ages and both sexes are represented in the mass of refugees, who are bearing with them their scanty household belongings.

(International.)

RIVOLI

Broadway at 49th Street

Direction of Hugo Riesenfeld

A story that sweeps New York's ball-rooms into the ageless mystery and passions of the Orient. Produced on a sumptuous scale, with settings and costumes of dazzling splendor. (Valentino's costumes designed by Winifred Hudnut.)

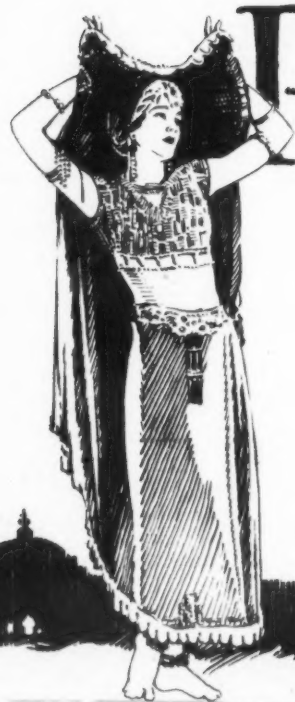
The brilliant supporting cast includes Wanda Hawley, Charles Ogle, Maude Wayne, Pat Moore, Bertram Grassby, William Boyd, Fanny Midgeley, and Spottiswoode Aitken.

From the play "Amos Judd" by Alethea Luce and the novel by John A. Mitchell

Directed by Philip E. Rosen
Scenario by June Mathis



A
Paramount
Picture



Jesse L. Lasky presents

Rodolph Valentino

in

"THE YOUNG RAJAH"



"No Better Source of Sound Thinking"

George Reno, Secretary of Agriculture, Commerce and Travel of the Cuban Government, in a recent letter to his son, who is attending college in the United States, recommended that he read The New York Times regularly, stating:

"There is, in my estimation, no better source of sound thinking than that found in the editorial columns of The New York Times. You do not have to endorse all of the opinions expressed, but read them; they are worth perusal. * * * Read them carefully and you will not go far wrong politically, socially or economically."

Quoting further from Mr. Reno's letter:

"In the tangled course of human events there is no better, safer guide for youth or old age than the editorial utterances of that daily [The Times]. Its editorial writers are scholars, and such reading will help you in English. But the great value of The Times will be to get you in the habit of thinking right. Carefully followed through life, its counsel will prove an intellectual compass, a safeguard against false slants in thought or groundless prejudices."

In another letter Mr. Reno stated:

"There are only a few dailies in New York whose policies are not dictated by political or selfish interests which destroy their value as guides in forming correct judgment, and, in my estimation, The New York Times leads the group that may be relied on for intelligence and sanity."

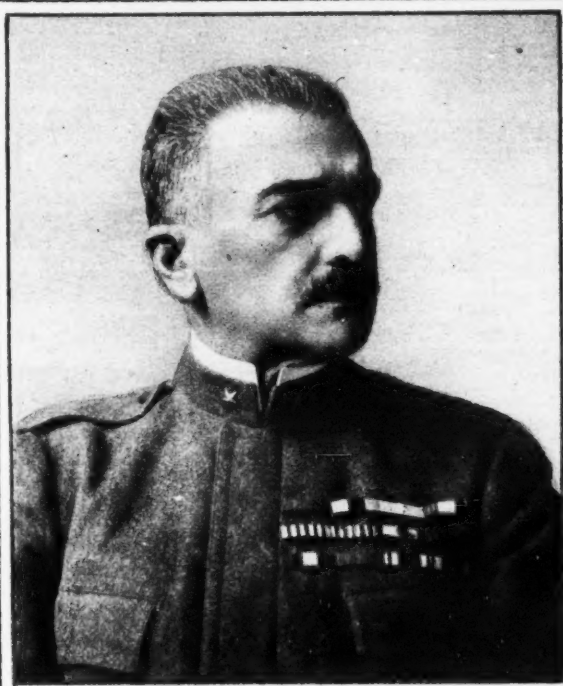
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PRICE 10 CENTS.

Mussolini, Fascisti Premier, and Members of Cabinet



GENERAL ARMANDO DIAZ
Minister of War.



BENITO MUSSOLINI
Premier and Minister of the Interior and of Foreign Affairs.



VICE ADMIRAL THAON DI REVEL
Minister of Marine.



GIUSEPPE GENTILIO
Minister of Education.



THEOPHILE ROSSI
Minister of Industry.



LUIGI FEDERZONI
Minister of the Colonies.

WITH almost kaleidoscopic swiftness the Government of the Kingdom of Italy has been transferred from the statesmen of the old diplomatic school who have hitherto conducted it and placed in the hands of the Fascisti, the most aggressive and determined element in the State. The change is one of the most striking and significant that has taken place in Europe in many years and is calculated to cause uneasiness in many chancelleries. The leader of the Fascisti is Benito Mussolini, only 36 years of age, who, starting as a Socialist, has gradually changed his views until he stands at the head of the organization that is the Socialist Party's most deadly foe. Mussolini came to Rome in the role of a conqueror, greeted on the route by enthusiastic demonstrations. King Victor met him cordially, embraced him and commissioned him to form a new Cabinet. At the present moment he is the virtual dictator of the Italian State.

Mussolini has not formed a Cabinet composed entirely of Fascisti. In fact, not only are they not all Fascisti, but the Cabinet includes some who hitherto have been most strenuous enemies of Fascismo. The Ministry, as announced, includes seven Fascisti, five Nationalists, one Democrat and one member of the Catholic Party.

Mussolini's intention has obviously been to form a Cabinet representing all groups in the Chamber, with the Fascisti in con-

trol. He has reserved for himself the arduous task of shaping both the internal and foreign Italian policies, as he will himself keep the portfolios of the interior and foreign affairs.

Only one Minister in the previous Cabinet retains office, namely, Senator Count Theophile Rossi. The most notable figures in the Cabinet are General Diaz, "Duke of Victory," who led the Italian Army in its last victorious offensive against the Austrians, and Admiral Count Thaon di Revel, who has been a strong upholder of Italian supremacy in the Adriatic.

A feature which must be noticed is that all the members, with the exception of Count Rossi, are new and untried men. It is this very thing which gives them a large measure of their support, the people being so tired of misgovernment that they are ready to try anything new.

The danger in this is accentuated by the extreme nationalism sweeping over Italy. The leaders who have gone into power with an avowed policy of intense "Italianity" may be forced by public opinion, perhaps even against their will, to embark upon adventures. These risks attending the formation of a new and untried Ministry are constantly in the minds of thinking people, but it is a fact that former Cabinets have reduced Italy to such a state that there are few persons in Italy today who are not ready to take the risk and give

Mussolini a fair chance to make or fail to make a new Italy. Mussolini now has Italy in the palm of his hand.

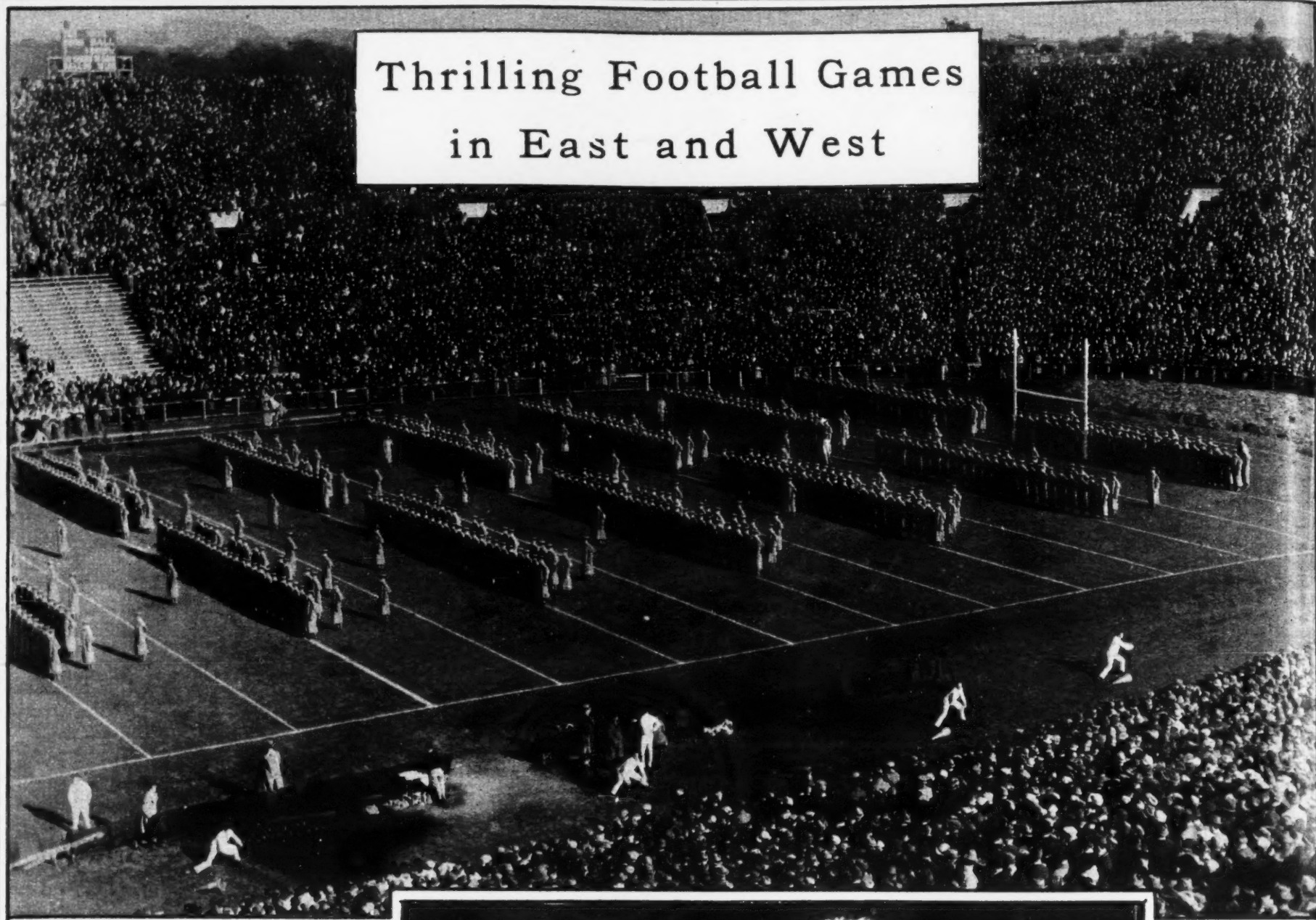
A brief statement by Mussolini gave the following as an outline of his program:

"We hope we achieve a policy of rapprochement and closer relations, and an economic entente between Italy and the United States. Please don't quote me as wishing to give advice to the United States, because my hands are full right here, but I think her policy toward Italian immigration might be improved.

"It seems to me that 42,000 Italians constitute a very small quota to be permitted to enter the United States yearly considering what hardy workers the Italians are. Perhaps if a careful choice of emigrants, especially of agricultural workers, were made on this side of the water and the United States would permit only picked men to land on her shores, it might prove a benefit to both countries. This is one matter my Government intends to take up with the United States."

"We intend to follow a policy of national dignity in our relations with foreign countries, not a policy of adventure, but one of friendship to those nations displaying friendship for us," the new Premier continued. "Our policy in internal affairs will be one of strict economy, discipline and the restoration of our finances. We are not anti-proletariat."

Thrilling Football Games in East and West



THE important football games of Oct. 28 were replete with interest and furnished many upsets and surprises. Over 76,000 spectators were present at the game between the Army and Yale. The latter had been freely touted to win, but the best they could do was to hold the doughty warriors from West Point to a tie score of 7 to 7. Poor generalship was blamed for the Blues' loss of a possible triumph. Yale played like a ship without a rudder and with the air of a team that knew it ought to do something but didn't quite know how to do it. The Elis had at least one excellent chance to win, and lost because their heads were not as nimble as their feet. The Army also passed up a fine opportunity in the first period because its quarterback would not take three points when he felt there was a chance for seven. The game was interesting, hard fought and colorful, but left the question of superiority undecided. Still more interesting, because it represented a battle between the East and West, was the game between Princeton



CADETS AT GAME

Over 1,200 West Point Cadets were at the Yale - Army game, giving one of their wonderful exhibition drills before the game began. They were greeted with wild applause.

(Wide World Photos.)

TEAM MASCOTS

A ludicrous feature of the game between Syracuse and Penn State were the two mascots, Koplick and Hoffman, who "rooted" with equal effect. The game resulted in a scoreless tie.

(Paul Thompson.)



REMARKABLE FOOTBALL ACTION IN THE GAME BETWEEN WISCONSIN AND INDIANA

Williams of Wisconsin is seen coming around the end, while his teammate Taft is blocking two Indiana men. Springer of Indiana is coming fast at right to tackle Williams.

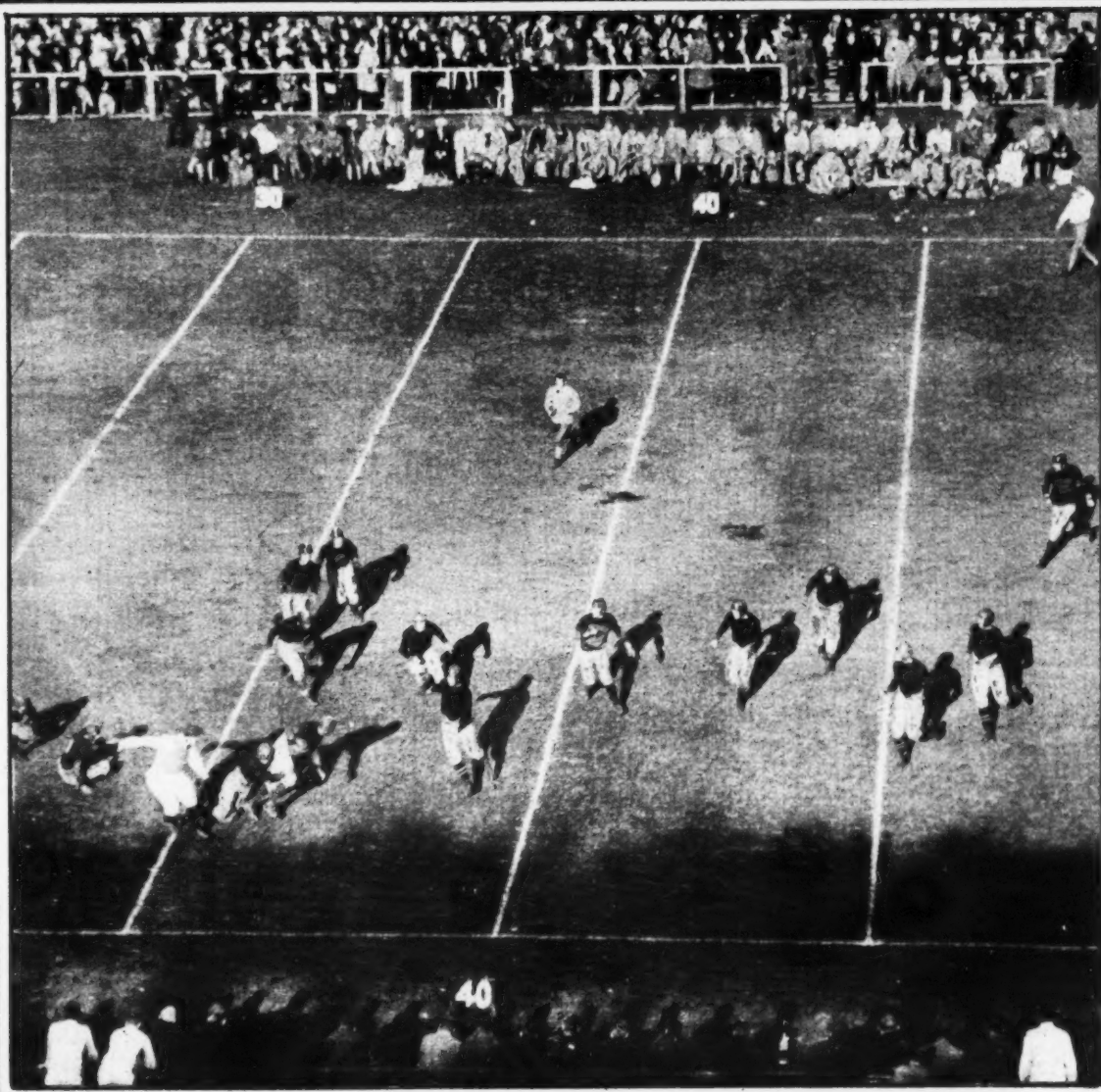
(Wide World Photos.)



PRINCETON WINS SENSATIONAL GAME
Cleaves, Tiger halfback, crossing the forty-yard line in great battle with Chicago Oct. 28.
(P. & A. Photos.)

and Chicago. The Tigers avenged their defeat at the hands of Chicago last season by beating the Maroon eleven at Stagg Field in the most sensational intersectional battle of football history. Apparently beaten beyond all hopes of even their most enthusiastic admirers at the end of the third period, when they were trailing by 18 to 7, the fighting Tigers staged a desperate rally and rose to a glorious triumph by a score of 21 to 18. The immense throng of 32,000 which filled the benches was stunned by the sudden change in the fortunes of battle. The Chicago team fought hard and desperately and refused to concede defeat. In the closing struggle they fought magnificently, but Princeton was equally determined not to let victory elude its grasp and managed to maintain her slim lead until the final whistle.

The Navy were not so fortunate as the Army in escaping defeat. It had been confidently expected that they would overwhelm the University of Pennsylvania eleven, but fate decreed otherwise and 600 blue-coated midshipmen at the new Pennsylvania Stadium in Philadelphia saw their Navy eleven, a team that had ridden roughshod over Western Reserve, Bucknell and Georgia Tech, defeated by the Pennsylvania team by a score of 13 to 7, Pennsylvania sweeping from behind to win one of the greatest victories in its history.



ARMY-YALE TIE

Neidlinger of Yale tackled by Army man after making a fifteen-yard gain. The game resulted in a 7-7 tie.
(Wide World Photos.)

NAVY VS. PENN STATE

Conroy, Navy quarterback, making a touchdown in the first quarter. Pennsylvania won, 13-7.
(© U. & U.)



Italian Government Now Under the Control of the Fascisti



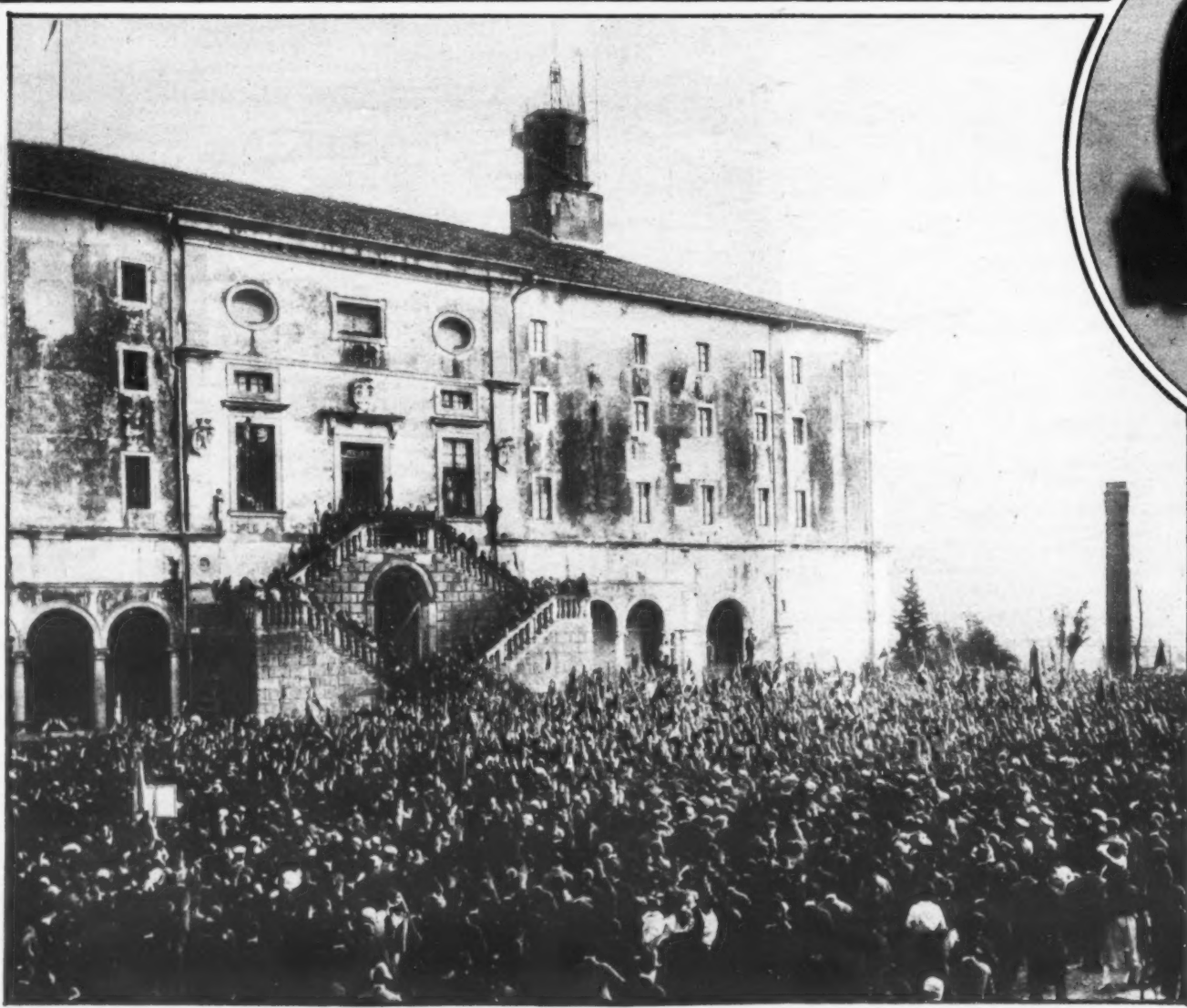
ONE of the most startling developments of modern times is the growth of the Fascisti Party in Italy. It was originally formed as a protest against and an antidote to the communistic activities that were threatening to transform Italy into a Soviet State. From the start it enlisted the sympathy and active co-operation of the stronger and more intellectual elements in the kingdom. Gradually it became strong enough to meet the Communists on equal terms, and in the many clashes that resulted between the two factions more than held its own. It has been formed on an army basis, with many arms of the service, which by all accounts are well supplied with ammunition and weapons.

Like a well-organized and powerful army, the Fascisti are pressing on in their campaign for the regeneration of Italy on the lines they have laid down as essential. After completing the first stage of that program, viz., the crushing of subversive Socialist and "Red" propaganda, they began the self-imposed task of Italianizing the newly acquired Trentino provinces. Ever since Italy obtained the Trentino from Austria successive Cabinets have striven to treat the population there with the greatest tact and delicacy, in order not to offend the susceptibilities of a predominantly German population. The Fascisti asserted that they had erred in the other direction; that no Italian flags or pictures of Italy's King were allowed to be displayed; that Austrian gendarmes were permitted to parade the streets garbed in Austrian uniforms, and that the Italian inhabitants—a minority, but a large one—had no Italian schools to which to send their children. The Fascisti leaders gave the word, and early in October their cohorts, several thousand strong, marched into Trent and Bolzano and occupied both cities militarily. In Bolzano they forced the Municipal Council to resign, seized all German schools, dissolved the local police, and imperiously



Entry of the Fascisti with colors flying in the streets of Milan, one of the many important Italian centres that have been taken possession of by this powerful organization. The design was to overthrow the Communist Government which had dominated the affairs of the city.

(P. & A. Photos.)



Miss Diana Bernabei, a member of the Italian Fascisti, whose activities have caused her to be looked upon as the Italian Joan of Arc.

(International.)

manded the resignations of Senator Salata, Director General of the liberated provinces, and of Senator Credaro, High Commissioner of the Trentino, for what the Fascisti called their policy of "masterly inactivity." The Italian Government on Oct. 5 entrusted the maintenance of public order in Trent to the military authorities. Some five thousand Fascisti in the building of the Provincial Council finally withdrew, but their commander declared that they would be ready to meet any eventuality. The specific charge against the Royal Commissioner was that for the last two years he had failed to assert the dignity of Italy and the rights of Italian citizens.

The Legion of Death, a branch of the Fascisti movement, swearing allegiance to their leader, Benito Mussolini, at a great demonstration in Udini, Italy.

(P. & A. Photos.)

This new military *démarche*, coupled with a general increase of Fascisti activity, showed that the utterances of the *Popolo Italia*, the newspaper of Benito Mussolini, the Fascisti leader, defining the duties of the Fascisti and setting up a new military organization "which today is the organization of the Fascisti and tomorrow will be the organization of the new Italian State," were no vain words and that the ultimate object of Fascismo was to take over the administration of the Government.

In October the weakness of the Facta Cabinet and the generally unsatisfactory condition of domestic and foreign affairs led to a demand on the part of the Fascisti for the dissolution of the Cabinet. This at first was resisted, but was finally acceded to when it was announced by the Fascisti leaders that unless their demands were granted they would take possession of the kingdom by force. Alarmed by this threat the Government declared martial law, but this was almost immediately rescinded and a virtual surrender was made to the Fascisti. Mussolini, their leader, was summoned to form a Cabinet, and the Fascisti, after taking possession of several cities, marched toward Rome.

The news that the Fascisti were about to enter the city sent the population flocking to the gates. Two thick lines of people lined the roads for many miles into the country. After many patient hours of waiting a black mass was seen moving on the white ribbon of road. Hats flew up, while mighty shouts rent the air: "Here they come. Long live our liberator!"

Half an hour afterward the roads were completely filled with thousands upon thousands of youths marching in military formation, four abreast, the unbroken blackness of their shirts relieved by the flash of bayonets. Contrary to the expectations of many, it was not a ragged band of irregulars marching on Rome, but a disciplined army supplied with commissariat and medical stores, carrying machine guns on lorries, giving the Roman population its first idea of the dreadful civil war which might have resulted if the Government had made a serious effort to resist.



Fascisti at the Palace of Marine in Milan handing over the palace to the Royal Commissary after the Socialist element in the City Government had been overawed and subdued, thus accomplishing the purpose of the Fascisti in taking possession. (Underwood & Underwood.)



Reunion of Fascisti at Alexandria, Piedmont, where a great street demonstration was held in which fiery orators addressed the meeting and demanded the overthrow of the Italian Cabinet, which, it was alleged, was unable to solve Italian domestic and foreign problems. (P. & A. Photos.)

The Fascisti are obviously recruited from all classes of society and from all districts of Italy. There are rough peasants from the south, dapper, elegant youths from Florence and Siena, strong workingmen from Milan and jolly seamen from Genoa, Civitavecchia and

Leghorn, many proudly displaying medals won in the war, all marching with buoyant step, with the light of achievement shining in their eyes.

As each section came within view of the Eternal City they saluted by raising the extended right arm after the ancient

Roman mode of salutation while a thundering "A la, la," burst forth. Special interest attached to the "disperatissima squadron" (most desperate) from Perugia, known as the most daredevil Fascisti group, chosen by Mussolini to be his personal bodyguard.

Their leader said: "Rome, ancient mistress of the world, in the name of our glorious dead who died to render this wonderful day possible, we salute thee." The crowd hailed the desperatissima squadron and carried them on their shoulders.

Miss Diana Bernabei, a member of the Italian Joan (International.)

Senator Salata, ated provinces, Commissioner Fascisti called activity." The entrusted the n Trent to the five thousand the Provincial but their com- would be ready specific charge er was that for ed to assert the ights of Italian

ch of the Fas- giance to their great demon- taly.

Coronation of King Ferdinand and Queen Marie of Rumania

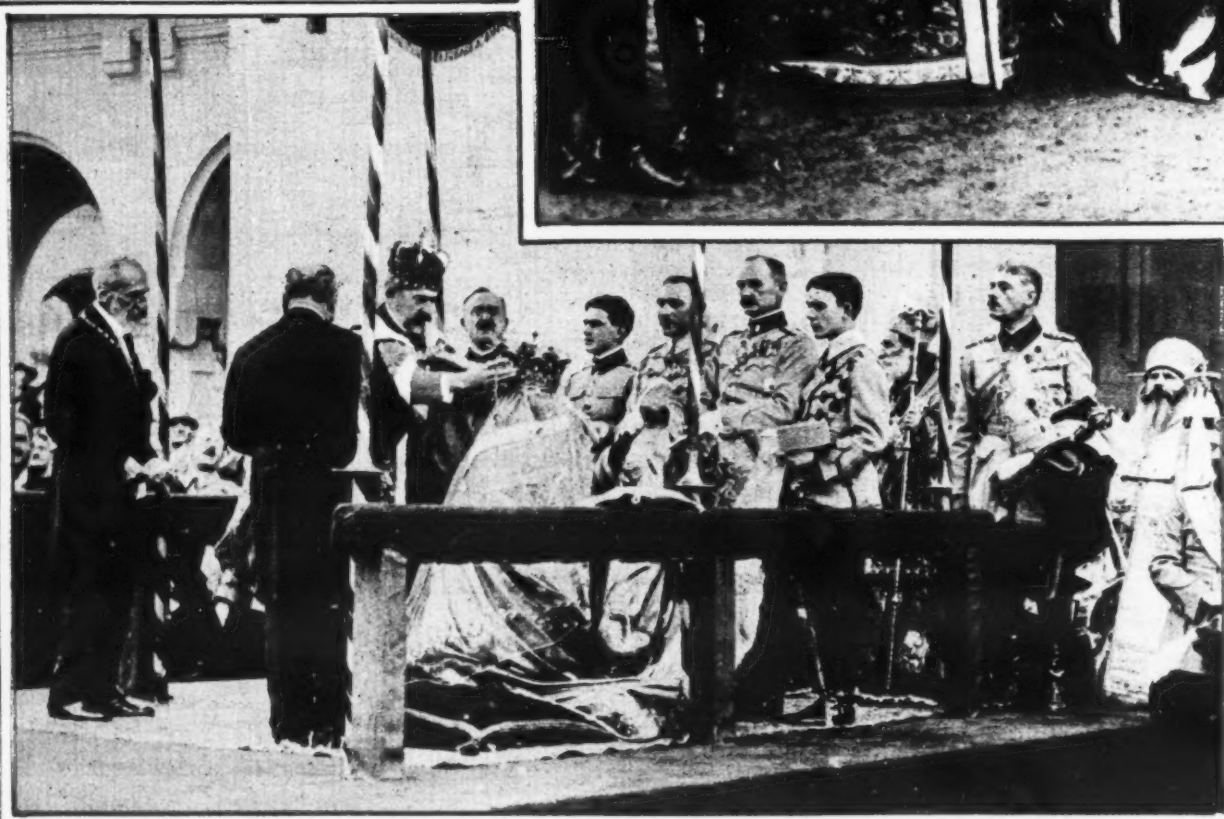
EIGHT years after the accession of King Ferdinand to the crown of Rumania he and his consort, Queen Marie, were solemnly crowned Oct. 15 in the vast public square of Alba Julia, Rumania, amid the plaudits of thousands of picturesquely dressed Rumanians. The King ascended the throne in 1914, but the outbreak soon afterward of the World War and the period of ferment and unrest that followed had deferred his coronation until this year.

Directly at the closing of the church services a procession was formed and the sovereigns, escorted by the Duke of York, Prince Paul of Yugoslavia, Duke of Genoa, the Infanta Alfonso, Marshal Foch and the foreign delegations, and preceded by the Metropolitan and Bishops, marched from the church to the richly decorated dais in the centre of the square. Stands had been erected around the square for the high personages of the kingdom and the rest of the space was dense with spectators. As soon as the sovereigns had taken their places on the dais the President of the Senate received the crown from the President of the Chamber and placed it on the head of the King. He in turn crowned the Queen, who knelt before him. The King and Queen were then clothed in the royal mantles and other insignia. The procession was loudly acclaimed at the close of the ceremony, Marshal Foch in particular getting a special ovation. The crown of King Ferdinand was the same as that used by the late King Charles. It is made from steel guns captured at Plevna in 1877. After the ceremony at Alba Julia the whole assembly which witnessed the coronation were transported overnight by a twelve-hour railway journey to



Rumanian King and Queen just after the coronation entering into Bucharest, the capital, beneath a splendid canopy.

(International.)



King Ferdinand, following his own coronation, placing the golden crown on the head of Queen Marie.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)

Bucharest. The morning broke finally and the sun was shining when at 10 o'clock the royal cortège entered the city from the stucco imitation of the Arc de Triomphe which had been erected on the end of the northern avenue of approach, but by the time they reached the centre of the city the rain was coming down heavily.

King Ferdinand led the procession on horseback, followed by Crown Prince Karol, the Duke of York, wearing his

King Ferdinand's state entry into his capital with brilliant retinue. At extreme right is Marshal Foch. Directly behind the King is the Duke of York.

(Pictorial Press.)



Royal Air Force uniform; the Duke of Genoa, the Infanta Don Alfonso of Orleans, Prince Nicolas of Rumania, and Marshal Foch riding abreast. After them came a group of Rumanian Generals and foreign military attachés in brilliant uniforms; then followed the Queen and the Princesses in state coaches.

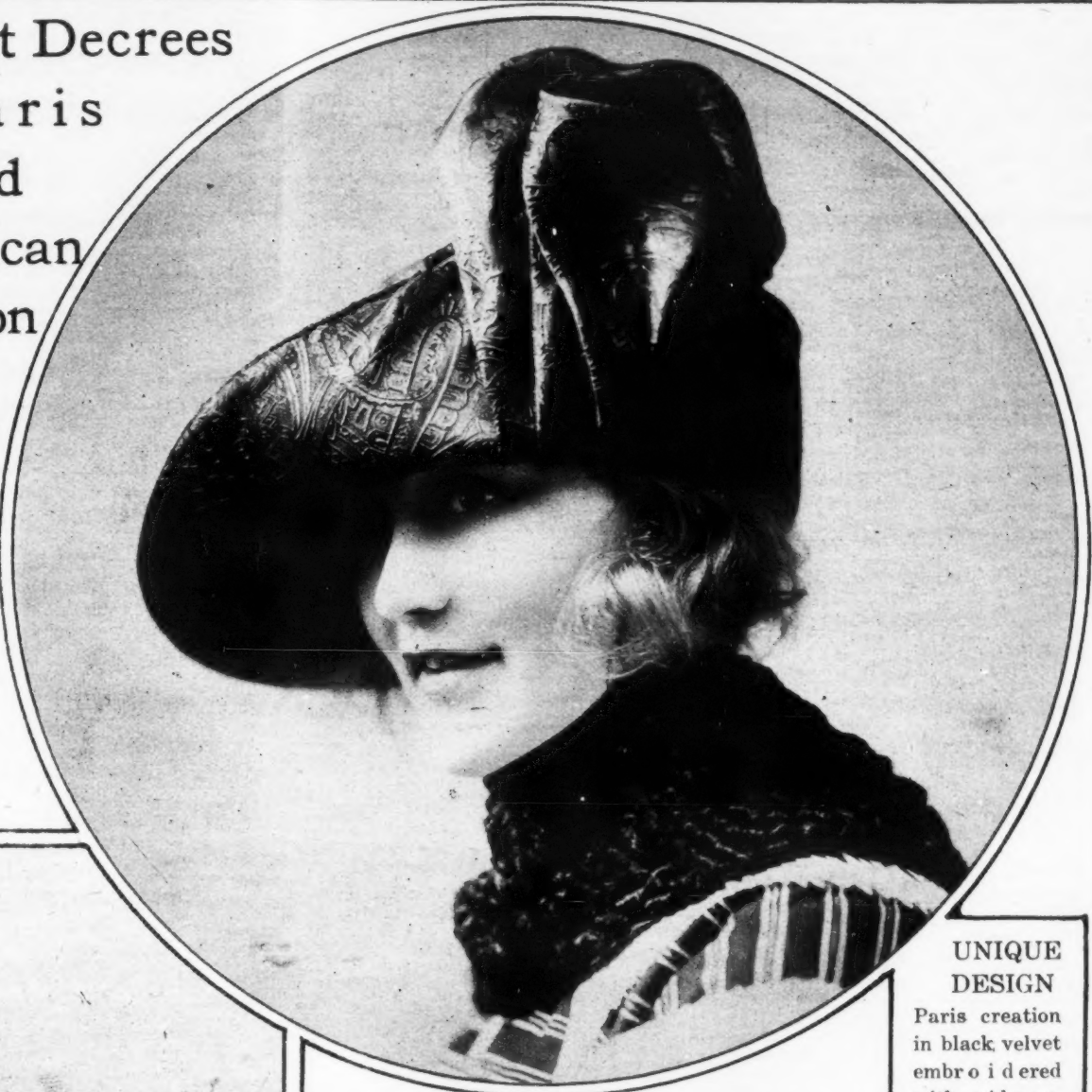
Thousands of people had come in from the country for the occasion. The route of the procession led through the Kalea Victoriei, Bucharest's main artery, to the Cathedral, where a Te Deum was sung. The narrow winding street was packed with people, who stood cheering, their ardor quite undamped by the pouring rain.

Latest Decrees of Paris and American Fashion



CHILD'S FROCK

Black velvet
trimmed with
blue and sal-
mon colored
ribbon. De-
sign of Mau-
gaine, Paris.
(Photo
Trowbridge.)



UNIQUE DESIGN

Paris creation
in black velvet
embroidered
with silver,
with large up-
right bow on
side. Design by
Landowska,
Paris.
(Underwood &
Underwood.)



EFFECTIVE CREATION

Frock of blue duvetyn with chiffon sleeves of
white and blue, and an attractive lingerie collar
adorned by a spray of hand-made flowers. De-
sign of Boue Soeurs, and worn by Hortense
Alden of "It's a Boy."
(Photo White Studio.)

FETCHING COSTUME

This smart frock is of brown crepe
edged with pan velvet of a deeper
shade. The hat is of the same shade
of pan velvet with ostrich tips droop-
ing over the side. Both gown and hat
are from Peggy Hoyt and are worn by
Betty Lindley of "That Day."
(Photo White Studio.)



Berlin Protest Against Famine and Profiteering;



GERMAN DEMONSTRATION AGAINST FAMINE

Vast outpouring at the Wittenderplatz in Berlin against the famine, profiteering and suffering prevalent in the German capital. Food, coal, shoes and clothing have so advanced in price as to cause great privation.

(International.)



DISORDERS CAUSED BY COMMUNIST OUTBREAK IN BERLIN

One of the first photographs to reach this country showing a phase of the Communist riots among students. A rioter is here seen beating a reactionary student outside the University of Berlin. Six were killed and sixty wounded.

(P. & A. Photos.)

LATEST PHOTO OF LLOYD GEORGE

Former British Premier on the steps of the Reform Club, Manchester, where he delivered a stirring speech just before his resignation.

(P. & A. Photos.)



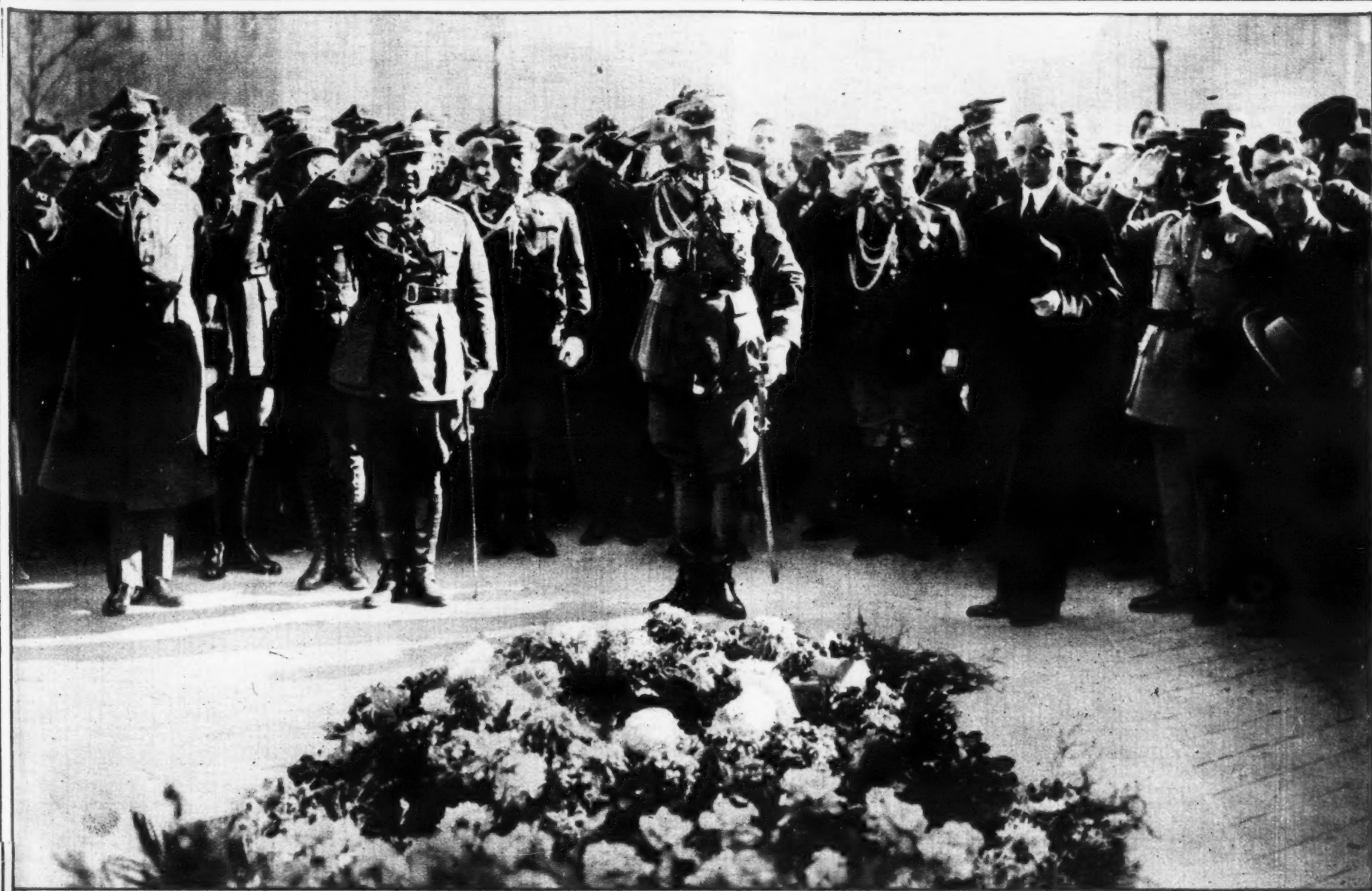
CANADA'S GOVERNOR GENERAL PRESENTS COLORS

Lord Byng of Vimy Ridge fame, now Governor General of Canada, presenting colors to four battalions—the 107th, 43d, 100th and the Princess Pats—during his recent visit to Winnipeg, Manitoba.

(P. & A. Photos.)

ring;

Poland Pays Tribute to French "Unknown" Soldier



POLISH HOMAGE AT TOMB OF FRENCH "UNKNOWN"

General Sikorski of the Polish Army, heading a delegation of his compatriots, recently visited Paris and laid a wreath in behalf of his countrymen on the tomb of the French "Unknown" soldier at the Arc de Triomphe, Paris.

(International.)

T FAMINE

in against the
e German cap-
anced in price



PERSIA'S SHAH VISITS KING ALFONSO

Ahmed Kadjar, Shah of Persia, accompanied by his royal host, King Alfonso of Spain, inspecting guard of honor at the railway station in Madrid.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)

KING OF ITALY IN BELGIUM

Following the announcement of the betrothal of Princess Yolanda of Italy to the Crown Prince of Belgium, King Emmanuel of Italy paid a visit to King Albert of Belgium, with whom he is here seen in the royal carriage.

(International.)

PRESENTS

General of Can-
th, 43d, 100th
to Winnipeg,
(P. & A. Photos.)

Stampede of Refugees From Thrace; Arab Ruler of Tra



THRACIAN EXODUS

One of the coast towns of Greece from which refugees are fleeing by the tens of thousands in fear of the Turks. By the terms of the treaty concluded between the Turkish Nationalists and the representatives of the allied powers, Eastern Thrace was to be turned over to the former. The probable results of entry of the triumphant Turkish soldiery into that province were guarded against as much as possible by the provision that the occupation should take place gradually and under the supervision of the Allies. But the forces of the latter are too few to police adequately so large an area, and massacres of the population in some places have already occurred. In consequence the greater part of the population has taken to flight. Railroad cars are packed, as here shown, and every species of vehicle has been utilized to convey the fugitives to a point of safety. (Our World Service.)

BULLETPROOF VEST

Inventor demonstrating with a high-powered pistol that his recently perfected coat of mail is absolutely proof against bullets. The device has been adopted by the German police in waging war against desperate criminals. (Wide World Photos.)



MINERS' CHILDREN

Group of children of striking miners living in a tent colony near Windber, Pa., the centre of the Somerset County mine troubles. The children are barefooted and scantily fed. There is a great deal of sickness in the forlorn colony, which is composed of miners who have been forced to abandon the company houses. A special committee has been appointed by Mayor Hylan of New York City to investigate the situation. Much of the coal obtained in the mines is used by the Interborough Subway Company of New York. (P. & A. Photos.)



RULER OF NEW AR

The Emir Abdullah of Transjordan, London to confer with the British authorities on problems that are confronting the second son of the King of the Hedjaz, King Feisal of Irak. Like the Hedjaz, Transjordan owes its existence as a State to the Turkish Empire after the war. Mesopotamian States is one of the most important of the British Empire has



"OUT OF WORK AND TALKING IT OVER"

Notable group by a rising young Italian sculptor, Antonio de Filippo, only 19 years of age, whose works have recently been on exhibition in New York. Pathos, weariness and despondency are depicted with remarkable power in the attitude of the figures. (International.)



of Transjordan; Gas Attacks Feature Soviet Battle Manoeuvres



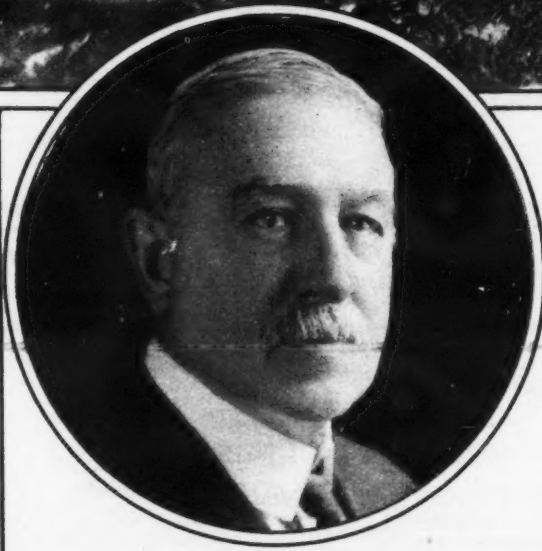
OF NEW ARAB STATE

of Transjordan, who arrived recently in with the British authorities regarding the confronting the new State. He is the King of the Hedjaz and elder brother of k. Like the Hedjaz and Irak, Transjor- tence as a State to the dismemberment of re after the war. The problem of the es is one of the most difficult with which British Empire has to deal.



OF K AND ING IT ER"

e group rising ing Italian r, Antonio ppo, only s of age, works recently n exhibi- in New Pathos, ess and ency are d with re- le power attitude figures. (national.)



T. DE WITT CUYLER
Chairman of Association of Railway Execu- tives, who died suddenly Nov. 2. (© U. & U.)



THOMAS NELSON PAGE
Eminent author and former Ambassador to Italy, whose death occurred Nov. 1.

RED BATTLE MANOEUVRES

Gas attack recently staged on the out- skirts of Moscow in a series of army manoeuvres in which crack Red Army regiments took part. It is probable that Soviet Russia has more men under arms than any other country in Europe. Although the utterances of Trotzky, who declared last Spring that it might be nec- essary for the Red Army to "tip the bal- ance with blood," have grown less truc- ulent of late, it is known that the mili- tary forces of the Soviet Government are maintained at a high state of disci- pline and efficiency. Their equipment has been increased by the large amount of material captured from the forces of Denikin, Kolchak and Wrangel. It is rumored that some of this material was loaned to Mustapha Kemal and largely accounted for the latter's overwhelming victory over the Greeks. The Soviet Army is one to be reckoned with, and it is this which created uneasiness among the Allies when the treaty was concluded between Russia and Germany last Spring.

(P. & A. Photos.)



DERELICT STEAMER CITY OF HONOLULU SHORTLY BEFORE SHE WAS SHELLED AND SUNK

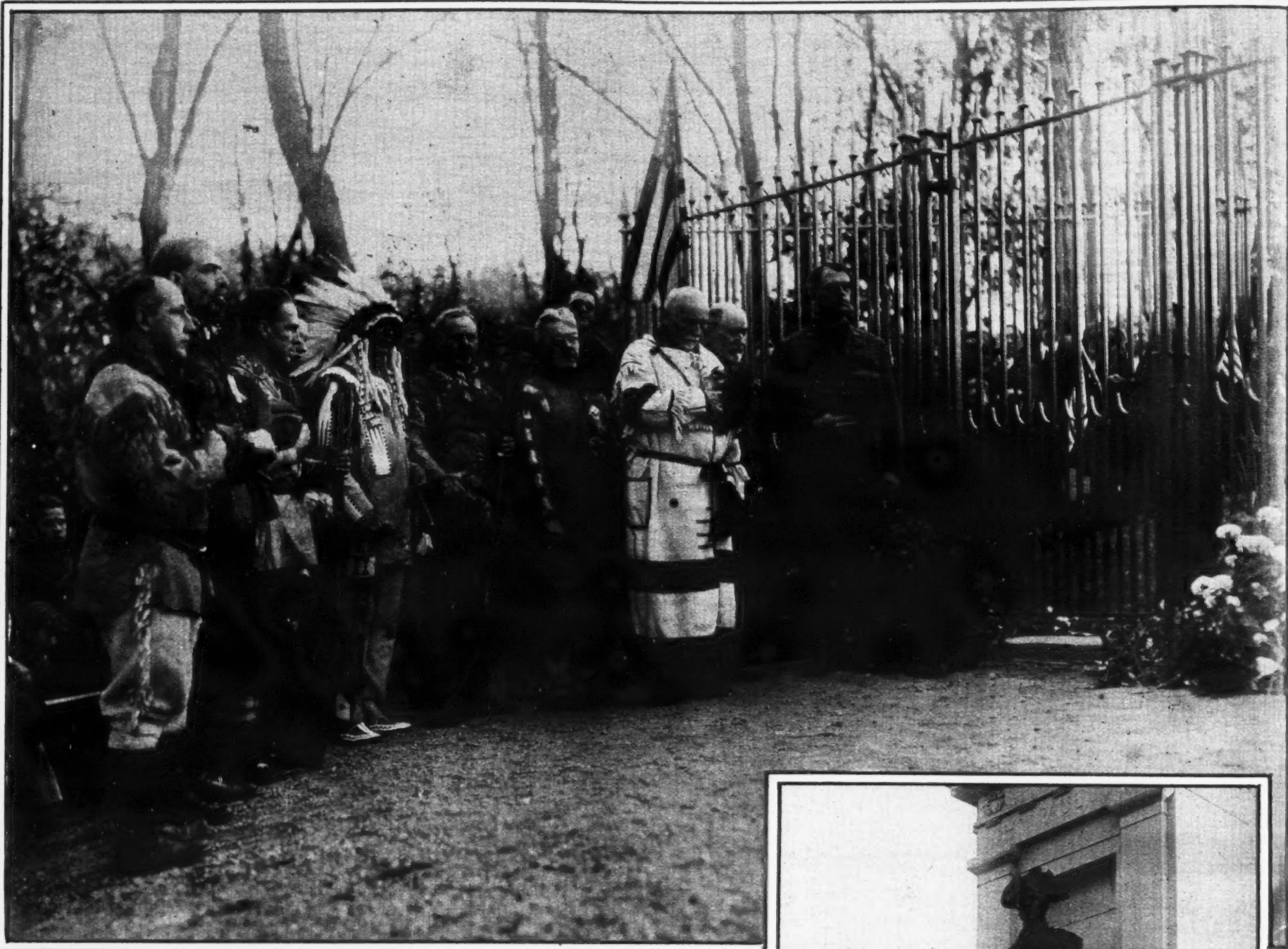
This remarkable photograph, taken from on board the coast guard cutter Tamaroa 700 miles west of Los Angeles, shows the wreck of the Honolulu, which had been burned at sea, fortunately with no loss of life. As it was

a derelict and a menace to navigation, instructions were given by the Shipping Board that it be destroyed. The cutter Shawnee therefore shelled and sank it. The actual sinking took place after darkness had fallen. This photo-

graph was taken thirty-two minutes before. The contrast between the melancholy wreck and the magnificent steamer that it was before the fire is striking.

(© 1922 P. & A. Photos.)

Joint Celebration of Roosevelt's Birthday and

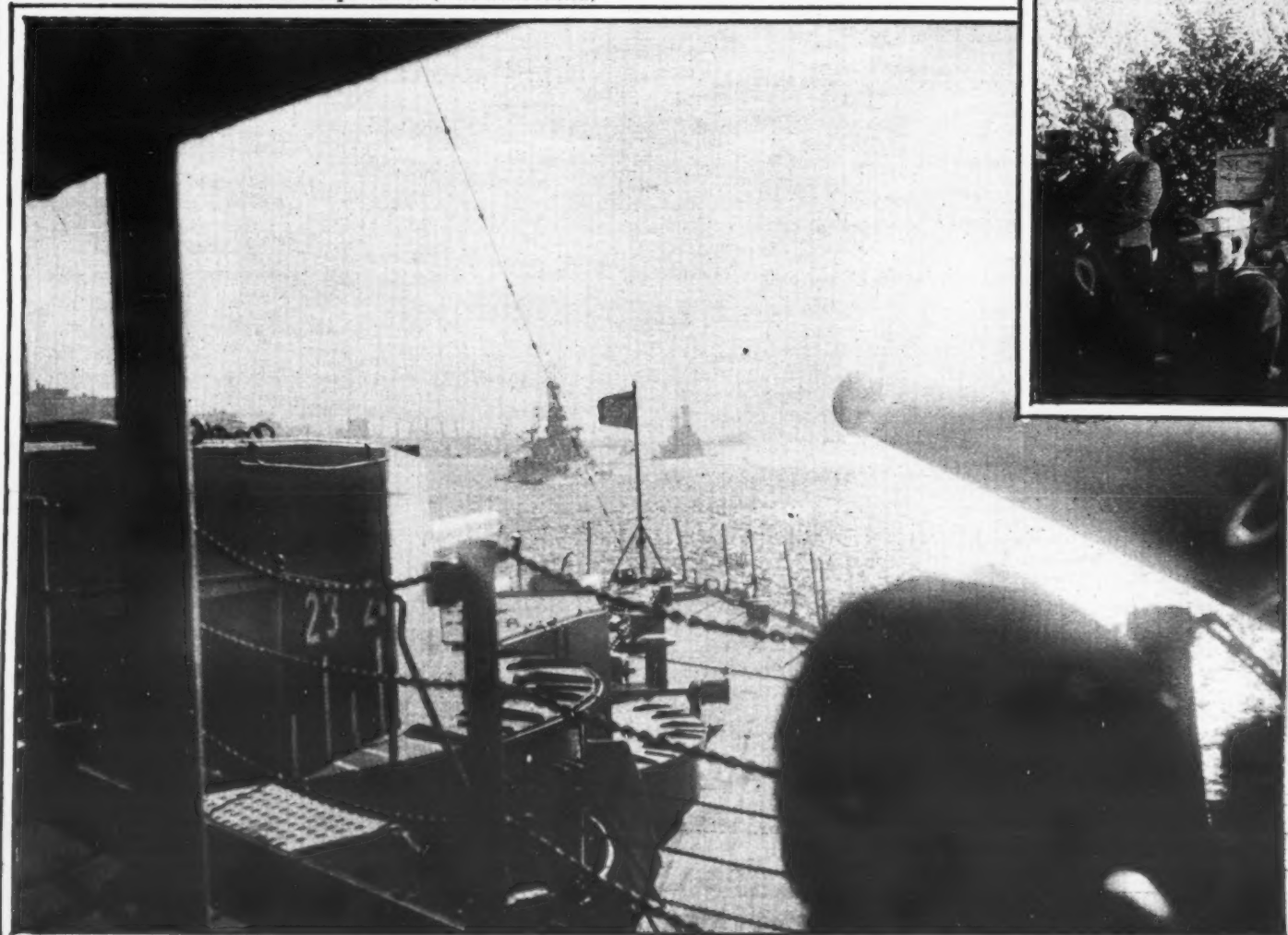
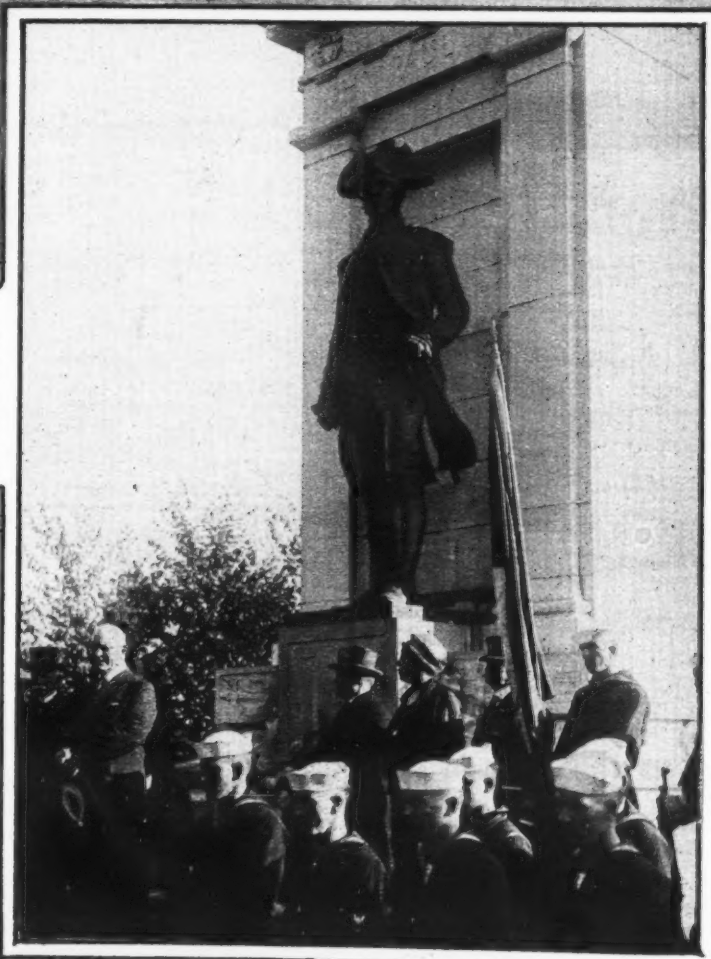


BOY SCOUTS' TRIBUTE TO ROOSEVELT

Some of the thousand Boy Scouts, headed by Daniel Carter Beard, National Scout Commander (in white garments at right), paying their homage at the grave of the late President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, L. I., Oct. 27, which was the anniversary of Mr. Roosevelt's birthday. The assemblage comprised divisions of Scouts from Brooklyn, Manhattan, the Bronx, Staten Island, Suffolk, Nassau and Queens Counties. Wreaths were laid on the grave, an address was made by Chief Scout Beard and the services were very solemn and impressive. (Wide World Photos.)

AT HERO'S STATUE

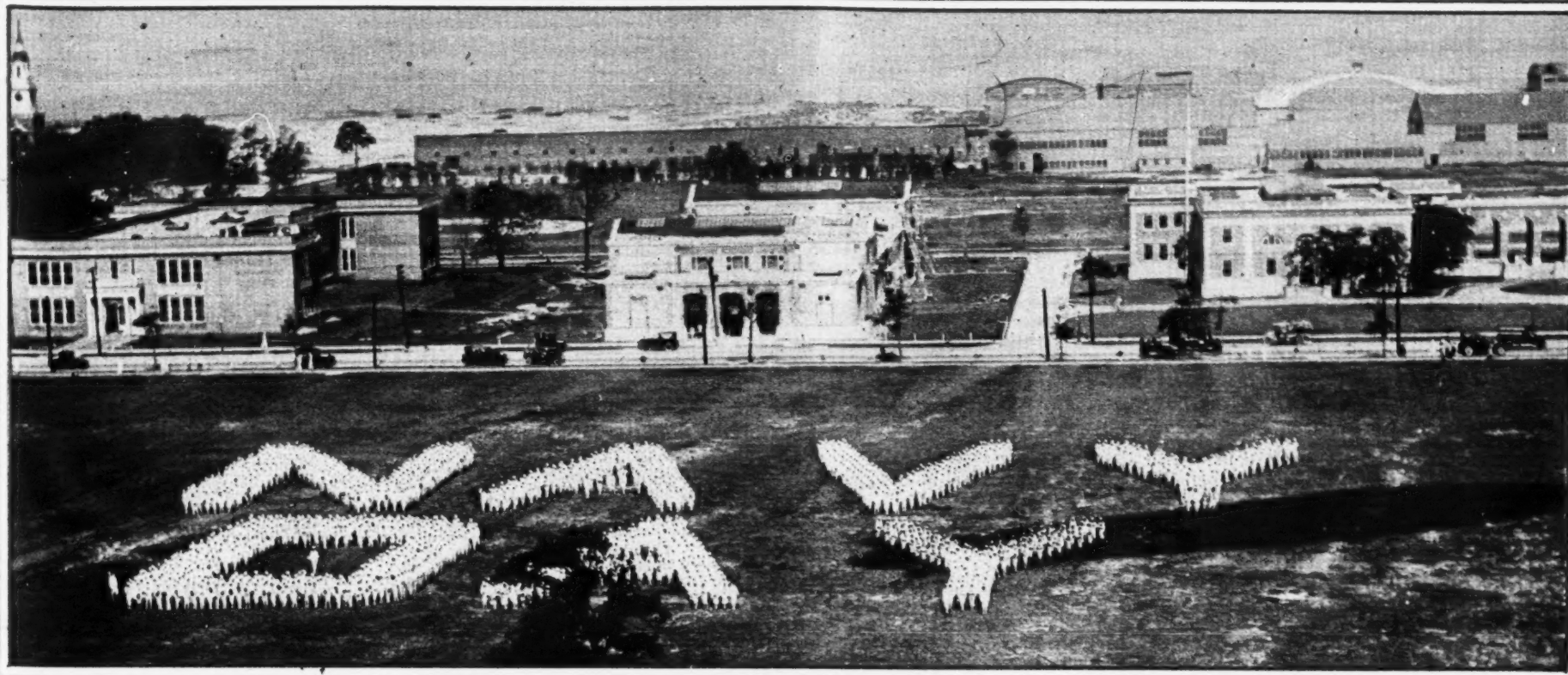
Simple ceremonies commemorating Navy Day were held in Washington on the afternoon of Oct. 27 before the statue of John Paul Jones, the greatest figure of the early American Navy. Secretary Denby is shown addressing the gathering.



SUNSET BEFORE NAVY DAY

Rays of the setting sun on the afternoon before Navy Day falling on the great battleships, the rangy destroyers and auxiliary vessels of the Atlantic Fleet anchored in the Hudson River. Great crowds visited the fleet on Navy Day, while a unique tugboat parade took place in the bay, passing hundreds of ships beflagged for the double celebration. From 9 in the morning until 5 in the evening a great throng of people stood at the North River piers awaiting their turn to board the motor launches that conveyed them over, a hundred at a time, to the gangways of the Arkansas, Maryland, Delaware and the Wyoming. At night the ships were brilliantly illuminated from stem to stern. (International.)

Navy Day in All Sections of the Country



SPELLED OUT IN LIVING LETTERS

The words Navy Day are here seen composed of living figures of the boys of the Naval Training Station at Hampton Roads, Va. (Photograms.)



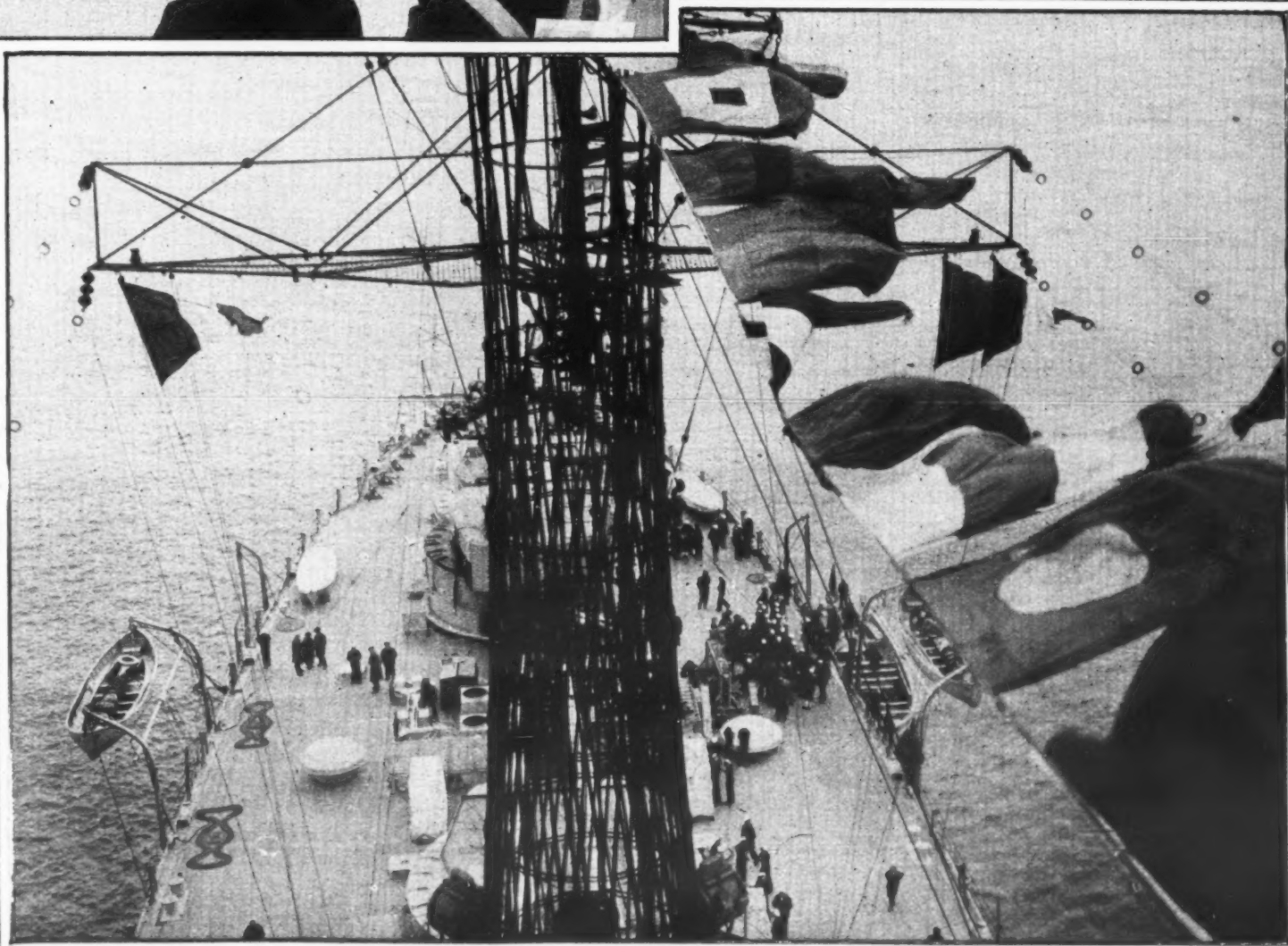
HONORING "UNKNOWN"

Secretary of the Navy Denby paying tribute to those who have served in the navy by placing a wreath on the tomb of America's "Unknown Soldier" at Arlington National Cemetery. (© Harris & Ewing.)

midshipmen at Annapolis. Mr. Denby stood by the statue of John Paul Jones, telling of the great courage and grim determination with which he fought his sinking ship to victory and of the lofty spirit which was the proud heritage of every man who wore the American naval uniform. The spirit of Theodore Roosevelt also walked abroad in Washington on that day. The navy paid its own tribute to the former President in the designation of Admiral Jones, Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, to lay a wreath on the Roosevelt tomb at Oyster Bay. Everywhere there ran an undercurrent of talk among men that bore witness to the place the dead President had made for himself in American hearts. At his tomb in Oyster Bay, L. I., thousands paid reverent pilgrimage and laid flowers on his grave.

GAY WITH BUNTING

Flags floating in the breeze and viewed from the fighting top of one of the great battleships anchored in the North River, New York, during the celebration of the navy's achievements on Navy Day, Oct. 27. (International.)





Men and Women in the News

THE presence of several officials of Porto Rico in Washington calls public attention to the troubled condition of affairs in that island. Ever since Governor E. Mont Reily has assumed his post he has met with strenuous opposition—an opposition which he declares to be merely factious, while his opponents claim that it is based on justifiable grounds. It has been stated that he was arbitrary and unjust in many of his official actions and charges have also been brought of misuse of public funds for private purposes. These charges are emphatically denied by Governor Reily. Felix Cordova Davila, Resident Commissioner of Porto Rico, has demanded a Congressional investigation of the Governor's acts, declaring that he was "mentally and morally unfit to govern the island." Delegations have visited President Harding urging the Governor's removal.



ARCHBISHOP MUNDELEIN

Chicago Catholic prelate, who, reports state, will be made a Cardinal.

ETHEL BARRYMORE

First studio portrait taken in four years of America's premiere actress.



MRS. EDWIN DENBY

Wife of the United States Secretary of the Navy.
(Photos © Harris & Ewing.)



MISS DOROTHY BROWN

Young financial secretary of Washington Prisoners' Relief Society.



MARTIN TRAVIESO

Mayor of San Juan, Porto Rico, who recently spent several hours with President Harding, urging the removal of Governor Reily.



PRESIDENT GREET'S TINY CALLER

Little Sally Le Fevre greeted with a real Harding smile as the President bought of her the first Red Cross Tuberculosis Christmas Seals and wished her success in her work.



CAY COLL CUCHI

Speaker of the Porto Rico House of Representatives, now in Washington on business pertaining to the island.

From the Near East, Storm Centre of the World



BRITISH MACHINE-GUN OUTPOST AT CHANAK, IN THE NEUTRAL ZONE, THAT THE BRITISH WERE DETERMINED TO PROTECT AT ALL COSTS. AT ONE TIME ARMED COLLISION WITH THE TURKS SEEMED IMMINENT, BUT OWING LARGELY TO THE TACT AND FIRMNESS OF THE BRITISH COMMANDER THE CRISIS WAS AVERTED (International.)

THE agreement reached between the allied and Turkish Governments has removed temporarily the danger of a war in the Near East. Provisions of that agreement sought to assure the safety of the populations doomed to become subject to the Turk by arranging for a gradual occupation of East Thrace

under allied supervision. This task has been a difficult one, however, as might have been surmised by any one familiar with the instincts and habits of the Turkish soldiery when dealing with helpless populations. That no violence was shown in its success was evidenced by the frantic migration from the district as soon

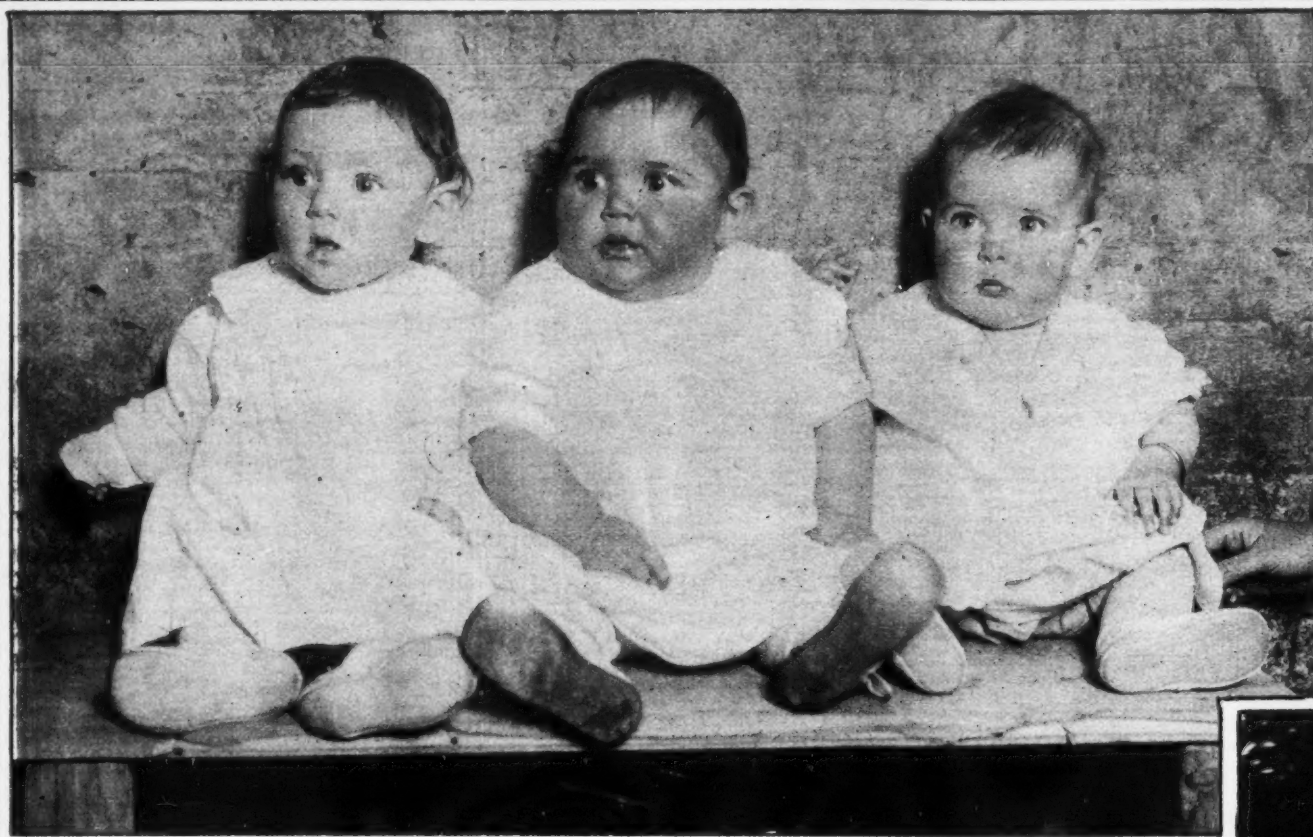
as the terms were announced. Hundreds of thousands are reported to have abandoned houses, lands and all but the simplest of their household possessions and to be in wild flight from Eastern Thrace. The congestion caused by this rush has been increased by the influx of thousands of other refugees from Smyrna and other parts of Asia Minor. French

and British detachments of soldiers are attempting to maintain some semblance of order, but they are few in number and are hampered by the wide extent of territory to be covered. Already the Turks have begun to harass the fugitives. A band of 200 of them attacked Greek refugees on the road near Hairoboli Oct. 21, butchered twenty of them, scattered the rest and robbed their wagons.



REFUGEES FROM SMYRNA ARRIVING IN EAST THRACE. THIS WAS ONLY A TEMPORARY STOPPING PLACE, HOWEVER, FOR WHEN THE NEWS CAME THAT THE TURKS WERE TO TAKE POSSESSION OF THAT PART OF THRACE THE FLIGHT WAS RENEWED AND A MIGRATION TOOK PLACE THAT HAS HAD NO PARALLEL IN RECENT HISTORY.

(P. & A. Photos.)



Figures and Incidents in Women's Realm

THREE LITTLE PRIZE WINNERS

These little tots carried off first, second and third prizes at the baby contest recently held in connection with the Physical Culture Show at Madison Square Garden, New York City. Left to right, are: Florence Polesir of 474 West 150th Street, New York City, eight months old, third prize winner; Leon Levy of 217 Utica Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., six months old, first prize winner, and Ruth Baker of White Plains, N. Y., seven months old, who was awarded the second prize.



BERNHARDT AT 77
The "Divine Sarah," whom France claims by virtue of birth, but who belongs to the whole world of dramatic art, as she appeared recently following the celebration of her 77th birthday. She is here shown in her dressing room preparing for one of her characterizations. Despite her advanced age, she is still full of energy and unconquerable determination, and is planning fresh triumphs in Paris. (International.)

MRS. JAMES L. FEISER
Wife of the Vice Chairman of the American Red Cross Society, photographed recently with her daughter Betty Ann. (© Harris & Ewing.)



NAMED FOR "FIRST LADY"

A new chrysanthemum exhibited at the Department of Agriculture's annual Chrysanthemum Show in Washington, D. C., and named the Mrs. Warren G. Harding in honor of the President's wife. (Wide World Photos.)



TINY DOMESTIC WORKER

Little Louise Rayburn of Atlanta, Ga., who, despite her tender years, emulates the virtues of a perfect housewife. (International.)



MISS MARGARET HARDING
Daughter of the former Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, with whom she has just left for Cuba. (Keystone View Co.)

Actors, Actresses and Scenes in Recent Productions



"THE WORLD WE LIVE IN"

Butterfly scene in "The Insect Comedy," in which an unflattering parallel is drawn between the human family and creatures of the insect world in their passions, instincts and foibles. (59th Street Theatre.)

(Photo White Studio.)



GLORIA FOY
Playing in the musical comedy "Up She Goes." (Playhouse.)
(Photo Alfred Cheney Johnston.)



"THE YOUNG RAJAH"

Rodolph Valentino in the title rôle of the film production based on the novel by J. Ames Mitchell. (Rivoli.)



WILDA BENNETT
Appearing in "The Lady in Ermine." (Ambassador.)
(Photo A. C. Johnston.)

Army Aviation Tactics at Washington Flying Field;



FLYING DEMONSTRATION BY SKILLED ARMY PILOTS

Hundreds of people flocked to view the recent demonstration of military air tactics by some of the army's most distinguished aviators over Bolling Field, Washington, D. C. This was the fourth of a series of exhibitions staged by General Bandholtz to familiarize the general public with the work performed by various branches of the service. (© Harris & Ewing.)



CONFISCATION OF LIQUORS

Seven or eight hundred quarts of liquor that were seized recently by Federal officers at Brownsville, Texas. Most of it was Mexican liquor—tequila, mescal and aguardiente—that had been smuggled over the border. Bootlegging in that locality is extensive and profitable.

(Publishers Photo Service.)

WEARER OF MANY MEDALS

Sergeant W. M. Sandler of Kentucky, photographed while attending the American Legion Convention, with his wife and baby. Probably no American war veteran has won so many decorations for valor. They include America's highest decoration, the French Croix de Guerre, the Medaille Militaire and the Montenegrin Medal.

(Underwood & Underwood.)



HIGHLY PAID SINGER

Cantor Joseph Rosenblatt, who has signed a contract for \$15,000 with a Philadelphia synagogue to sing on the Day of Atonement and on two days during the Jewish New Year celebration. This means that he will receive \$5,000 each day he sings. Even Caruso did not average \$5,000 a performance.

(Wide World Photos.)

Cement Preserves Tree; Radio Station at Dizzy Height



FILLING HISTORIC TREE TRUNK WITH CEMENT

Nearly fifteen feet of dry rot has been replaced with tons of cement mixed with sand in order to prolong the life of this giant white oak at Douglaston, L. I. It is the largest white oak tree in New York State, was formerly a gathering place for Indian councils and is estimated to be 500 years old.

(General Photographic Service.)



HIGH RADIO STATION

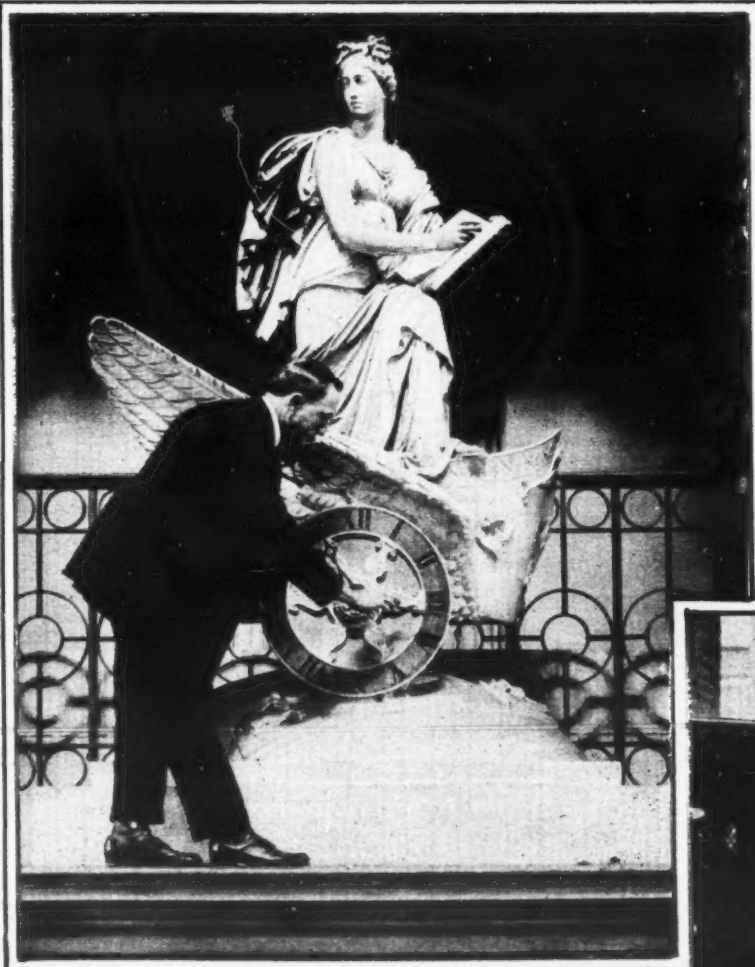
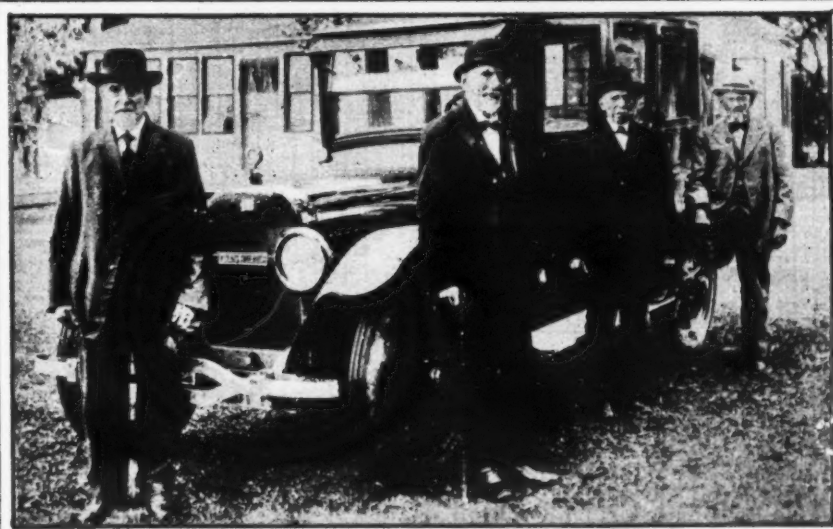
Perilous position of workman erecting aerials for radio station on Mount Corcovado, 2,100 feet above Rio de Janeiro, and said to be one of the highest in the world.

(International.)

MINNESOTA VETERANS

Four Trewe brothers of Young America, Minn., whose combined ages total 352 years. They are 92, 89, 87 and 84 years old, respectively.

(Wide World Photos.)



100-YEAR-OLD CLOCK

Still keeping accurate time is this clock in Statuary Hall, Washington, which has ticked during 100 years of the nation's life. It is the best known of the 125 clocks in the Capitol Building.

(© Harris & Ewing.)

"WOBLIES" DEPORTED

I. W. W. disturbers rounded up by the police in Portland, Ore., and expelled from the city. Three hundred were given the alternative of working or leaving. They left.

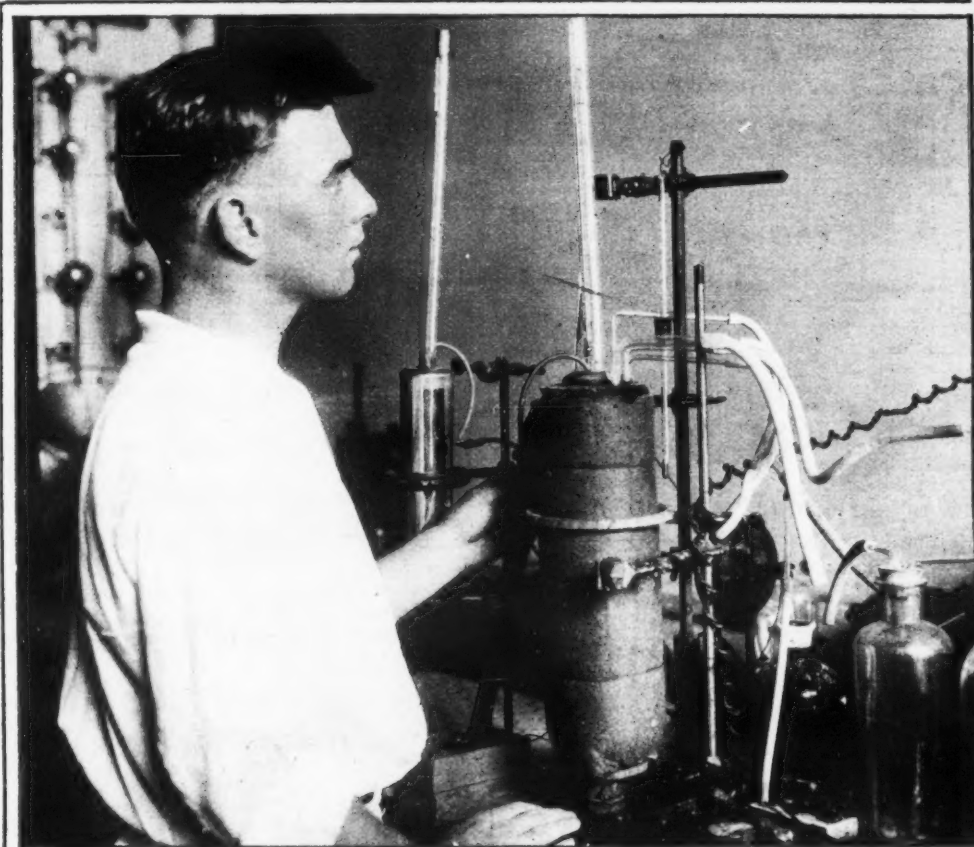
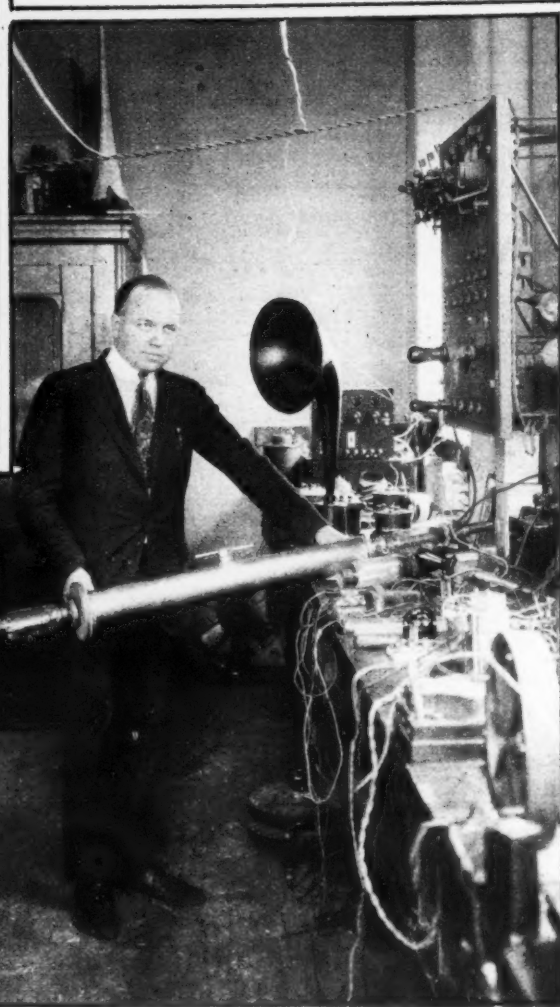
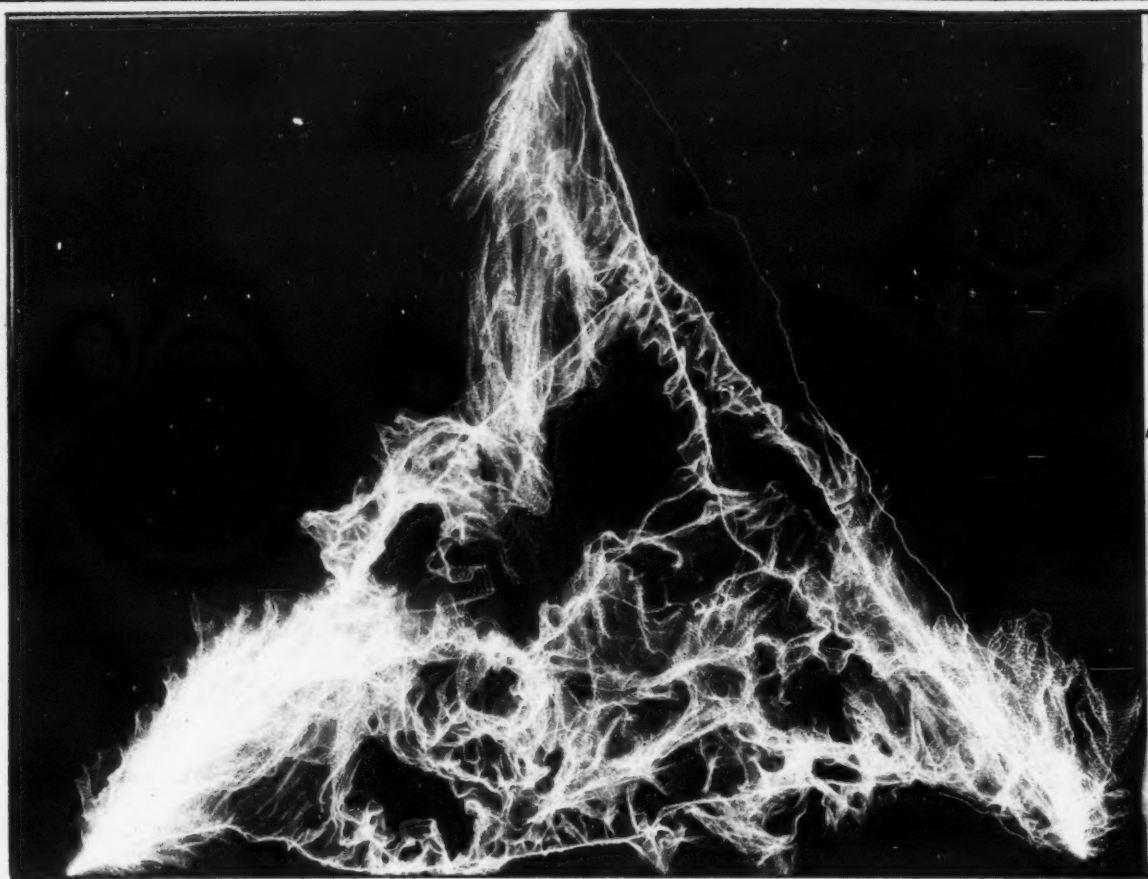
(P. & A. Photos.)



Scientific Developments and Engineering Projects

MILLION ELECTRIC VOLTS

This tremendous voltage, the largest ever produced, looks much like a spider's web when photographed. In this picture the electricity is shown spread over a triangle with terminals nine feet apart.



ETHER AND ICE CREAM

Ether has been adapted to a new rôle of usefulness by B. N. Peter of the United States Department of Agriculture. He discovered its value as an agent in determining the expansion in force when freezing ice cream. The apparatus consists of a Dewar flask wrapped in heavy felt. (© Harris & Ewing.)

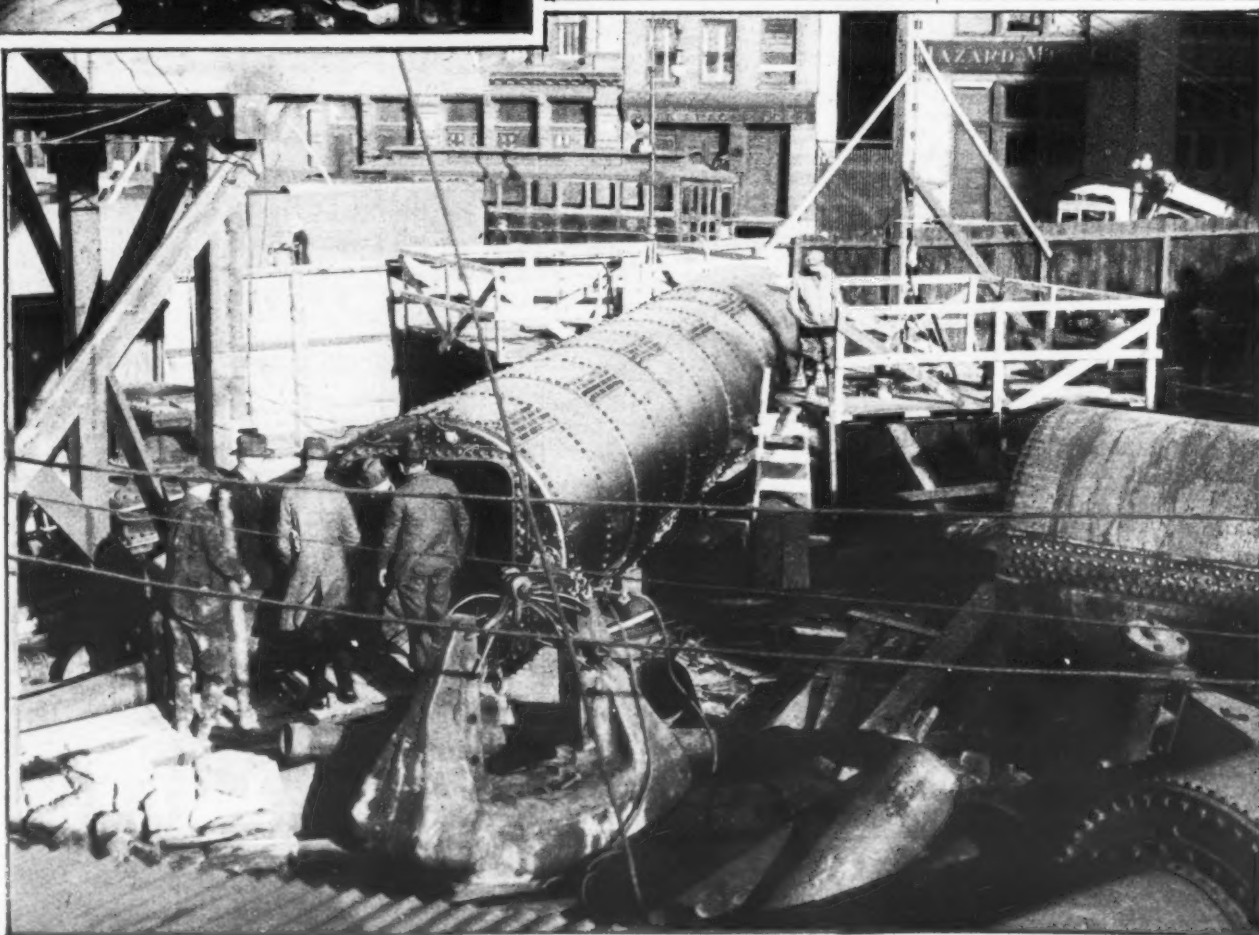
LARGEST VACUUM TUBE

This 1,000,000-watt vacuum tube, developed in the research laboratory of the General Electric Company, is the largest in the world. It is designed for power purposes rather than for radio use. (Photos Courtesy General Electric Co.)

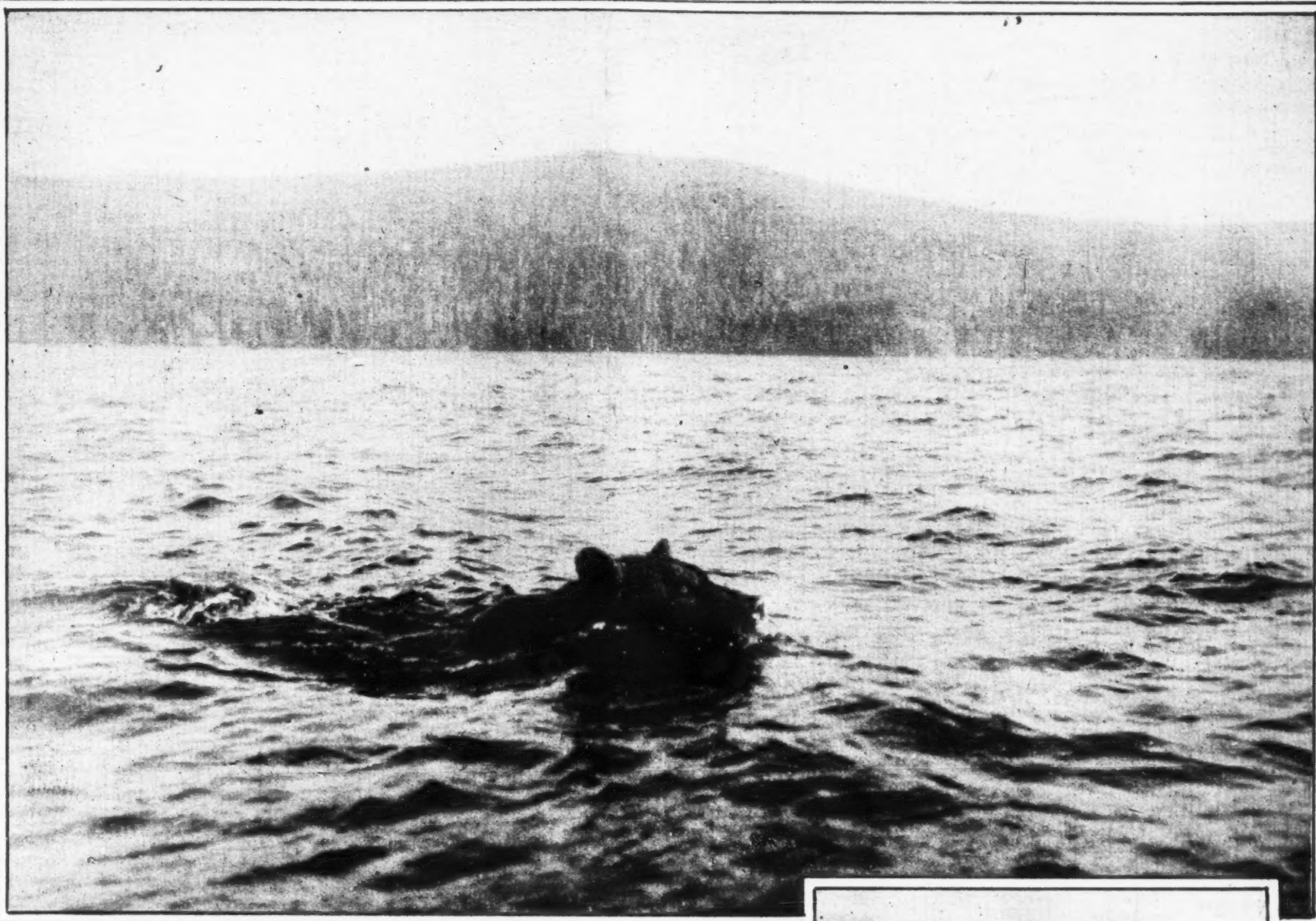
THE marvels of electricity seem to be inexhaustible. It is the most powerful agent known to man, and scarcely a day passes without some new application of its wonderful power being brought to light. An illustration of this is found in the accompanying picture of the 1,000,000-watt vacuum tube that has just been perfected and which is fifty times more powerful than any now in use. Its electrical output expressed in terms of incandescent lamp requirements gives an idea of its power. It will supply energy equivalent to that required to light 40,000 25-watt lamps, or supply the electrical energy needed by 1,500 average homes. The tungsten filament in this tube is so large that if drawn into filament of the size used in the household incandescent lamp it would supply filament for 175,000 such lamps. Such figures are staggering, yet what they imply is nothing to what yet awaits the world in the electrical field.

COMPRESSED-AIR TUNNEL

Workmen leaving the compressed-air tunnel through which they enter the under-the-river passageway, far below the street level, of the great vehicular tunnel between New York and New Jersey. (© Underwood & Underwood.)



Curious and Interesting Phases of Animal Life



GIZZLY BEAR FLEEING FROM FOREST FIRE

The flames of a burning forest in British Columbia recently caught this grizzly while he was engaged in fishing on a lake shore and compelled him to swim across the lake to safety. A boatman on the lake was fortunate enough to secure this photo.

(Photo Francis Dickie.)

SMALLEST DOG IN WORLD

Such is the claim made for Winkie Wee, a little black-and-tan terrier belonging to a London owner. He is seen here ensconced in a drinking cup, with plenty of room to spare.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)



PRIZE POODLE

(Below.) Mon Cheri Blanc, owned by Mrs. Percy Hervey and entered in the miniature poodle class at the Kennel Dog Show at the Crystal Palace, London. He carried off the first prize from a large number of competitors.

(Wide World Photos.)



PROTEST AGAINST VIVISECTION

The children of California are up in arms against the proposed amendment to the State law making dogs subject to vivisection. One of the young campaigners is here shown trying to influence the sentiments of the voters.

(International.)



Cantilever Stores

(Cut this out for reference)

Akron—11 Orpheum Arcade
 Albany, N.Y.—Hewett's Silk Shop, 15 N. Pearl
 Altoona—Bendheim's, 1302—11th Ave.
 Amsterdam—Patton & Hall
 Auburn, N. Y.—Dusenbury Co.
 Asbury Park—Best Shoe Co.
 Atlanta—Carlton Shoe & Clo. Co.
 Baltimore—325 No. Charles St.
 Birmingham—219 North 19th St.
 Boston—Jordan Marsh Co.
 Bridgeport—W. K. Mollan
 Brooklyn—414 Fulton St.
 Buffalo—639 Main St.
 Burlington, Vt.—Lewis & Blanchard
 Charlotte—221 Piedmont Bldg.
 Chicago—30 E. Randolph St. (Room 502)
 Cincinnati—The McAlpin Co.
 Cleveland—Graner-Powers, 1274 Euclid Av.
 Columbus, O.—104 E. Broad St. (at 3rd)
 Dallas—Leon Kahn Shoe Co.
 Davenport—R. M. Neustadt & Sons
 Dayton—The Rike-Kunler Co.
 Denver—224 Foster Bldg.
 Des Moines—W. L. White Shoe Co.
 Detroit—41 E. Adams Ave.
 Easton—H. Mayer, 427 Northampton St.
 Elizabeth—Gigl's, 1053 Elizabeth Ave.
 Elmira—C. W. O'Shea
 El Paso—Popular Dry Goods Co.
 Erie—Weschler Co., 910 State St.
 Evanston—North Shore Bootery
 Fall River—D. F. Sullivan
 Fitchburg—W. C. Goodwin, 342 Main St.
 Grand Rapids—Herpolsheimer Co.
 Hagerstown—Bikle's Shoe Shop
 Harrisburg—26 No. 3rd St.
 Hartford—86 Pratt St.
 Holyoke—Thos. S. Childs, 275 High St.
 Houston—306 Queen Theatre Bldg.
 Indianapolis—L. S. Ayres & Co.
 Jacksonville—Golden's Bootery
 Jersey City—Bennett's, 411 Central Av.
 Johnstown, Pa.—Zang's
 Kansas City, Kan.—Nelson Shoe Co.
 Kansas City, Mo.—300 Altman Bldg.
 Lancaster, Pa.—Frey's, 3 E. King St.
 Lawrence, Mass.—G. H. Woodman
 Los Angeles—505 New Pantages Bldg.
 Louisville—Boston Shoe Co.
 Lowell—The Bon Marche
 Memphis—Odd Fellows' Bldg. (2nd floor)
 Milwaukee—Brouwer Shoe Co.
 Minneapolis—25 Eighth St., South
 Morristown—G. W. Melick
 Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—A. J. Rice & Co.
 Newark—897 Broad St. (opp. City Hall)
 Nashville—J. A. Meadows & Sons
 New Bedford—Olympia Shoe Shop
 New Britain—Sloan Bros.
 New Haven—153 Court St. (2nd floor)
 New Kensington—Miller Bros., 5th Ave.
 New Orleans—109 Baronne St. (Room 200)
 Newport, R. I.—Sullivan's, 226 Thames St.
 New Rochelle—Ware's
 New York—14 W. 40th St. (opp. Pub. Lib.)
 Omaha—1708 Howard St.
 Pasadena—Morse-Heckman Shoe Co.
 Passaic—Kroll's, 37 Lexington Ave.
 Paterson—10 Park Ave. (at Erie Depot)
 Pawtucket—Evans & Young
 Peoria—Lehmann Bldg. (Room 203)
 Philadelphia—1300 Walnut St.
 Pittsburgh—The Rosenbaum Co.
 Plainfield—M. C. Van Arsdale
 Portland, Me.—Palmer Shoe Co.
 Portland, Ore.—353 Alder St.
 Providence—The Boston Store
 Reading—Sig. S. Schweriner
 Roanoke—J. Bachrach Shoe Co.
 Rochester—148 East Ave.
 St. Louis—516 Arcade Bldg., opp. P.O.
 St. Paul—43 E. 5th St. (Frederic Hotel)
 Salt Lake City—Walker Bros. Co.
 San Diego—The Marston Co.
 San Francisco—Phelan Bldg. (Arcade)
 Santa Barbara—Smith's Bootery
 Savannah—Globe Shoe Co.
 Schenectady—Patton & Hall
 Scranton—Lewis & Reilly
 Seattle—Baxter & Baxter
 South Bend—Ellsworth Store
 Spokane—The Crescent
 Springfield, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace
 Stamford—L. Spelke & Son
 Stockton—Dunne's Shoe Store, 330 E. Main
 Syracuse—121 West Jefferson St.
 Tacoma—255 So. 11th St. (Fidelity Trust Bldg.)
 Tampa—Glenn's, 507 Franklin St.
 Terre Haute—Otto C. Hornung
 Toledo—LaSalle & Koch Co.
 Topeka—The Pelletier Co.
 Trenton—H. M. Voorhees & Bro.
 Troy—35 Third St. (2nd floor)
 Tulsa—Lyons' Shoe Store
 Union Hill—Star Shoe Co.
 Utica—Room 104 Foster Bldg.
 Vancouver—Hudson's Bay Co.
 Waltham—Rufus Warren & Sons
 Washington—1319 F Street
 Wheeling—Geo. R. Taylor Co.
 Wilkes-Barre—M. F. Murray
 Worcester—J. C. MacLanes Co.
 Yonkers—22 Main St.
 York—The Bon Ton
 Youngstown—B. McManus Co.
 Zanesville—J. B. Hunter Co.
 Agencies in 308 other cities



Comfortable Shoes Increase Your Enjoyment

Autumn brings many interests. Work and amusements take a fresh start at this time of year. Opportunities for advancement come to the business girl. The home woman sets her house in order for the comfort of the family and the social activities of the new season.

Shopping time is here again. Store windows are a joy. The departments display an interesting and alluring variety of garments, fabrics, novelties. Club work starts up afresh. Fall exhibitions of pictures are given. New plays are being put on. The lecture season opens. Classes in night schools begin. College contests are held in sports and scholarship. All these combine to make life actively interesting.

But your interest lags, your efficiency is impaired, your joy is lessened if your feet hurt. Comfortable shoes make you forget your feet and let you focus your whole attention on your work and your other interests. They increase

your endurance and hence add to your enjoyment of life generally.

Cantilever Shoes are comfortable shoes. They are modeled on natural lines, with a flexible arch, entirely free from the concealed metal which is in the shank of ordinary shoes.

The flexible arch of Cantilevers, together with their natural sole line, the neat, rounded toe which gives ample room, the well placed medium or low heel, give great comfort to tired, weak feet, correct and prevent fallen arches, and help you in a hundred other ways.

Cantilevers are made for men also. Every pair of Cantilevers is trademarked to protect you. Look over the dealer list at the left of this advertisement. If you do not find one listed for your town, write the manufacturers, Morse & Burt Co., 11 Carlton Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., for the address of a nearby dealer, and for a book which tells how to increase your enjoyment through foot comfort.

Cantilever Shoe

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